



NEW TERRITORIES WEST REGIONAL OFFICE & WATER RESOURCES EDUCATION CENTRE AT TIN SHUI WAI NEW TERRITORIES

Air Ventilation Assessment Study Report

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1. Introduction

1.1 Background

Aurecon Hong Kong Limited was commissioned to carry out an Air Ventilation Assessment for the proposed development of the New Territories West Regional Office & Water Resources Education Centre of the Water Supplies Department (WSD) at Tin Pak Road, Tin Shui Wai, Hong Kong.

1.2 Objective

The study presents the Air Ventilation Assessment (AVA) generated by Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) Modelling Program. The assessment investigated the air ventilation performance of the proposed developments using the methodology for the AVA as stipulated in the "Technical Circular No. 1/06 – Air Ventilation Assessments" (Technical Circular) and Annex A to the Technical Circular "Technical Guide for Air Ventilation Assessment for Developments in Hong Kong" (Technical Guide) jointly issued by Housing, Planning and Lands Bureau and Environmental, Transport and Works Bureau on 19th July 2006.

1.3 Scope

Relative wind speeds around buildings are assessed by placing a suitable scale model of the building and surrounding large structures within radius of 2H (H being the height of the tallest building on site, approximately 40m) from the site boundary. The assessment area where test points are positioned is within 1H from the site boundary.

Wind flow around the buildings can be simulated using Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) modelling Program. Relative wind speed in the assessment area are predicted. Evaluation of the wind performance, identification of the general ventilation performance over the site and assessment of ventilation performance at targeted areas were conducted in the current study.

2. Evaluation

2.1 Site and Surrounding Area Characteristics

The Subject Site is located at Tin Shui Wai of New Territories, Hong Kong, with a site area of 3,340 m². It is bounded by Tin Cheung Road to the north, Tin Tsz Road to the east and Tin Pak Road to the west. The Subject Site is positioned at an open flat terrain with few isolated obstacles. It is located in an area where adjacent land is predominantly school and recreational facilities. Buddhist Mau Fung Memorial College, with height of 21 m, is situated at the south adjacent to the Subject Site. To the west across Tin Pak Road is Tin Shui Wai Swimming Pool. To the north across Tin Cheung Road is Tin Pak Road Park. **Figure 1** shows the site location and the surrounding area.

2.2 Study Scheme

In the Air Ventilation Assessment, the Baseline Scheme and Proposed Scheme were simulated. The pedestrian area of the site is located at the northern and eastern of the Site along Tin Pak Road and Tin Cheung Road.

Baseline Scheme was the previously designed scheme, which included 1.5 storeys of carpark, 1.5 storeys of the Education Centre, 4 storeys of office and workshop and a separate M&E room. **Appendix A** shows the design of the Baseline Scheme.

Proposed Scheme was the currently designed scheme, which included 1.5 storeys of carpark, 1.5 storeys of the Education Centre, 3 storeys of office. **Appendix B** shows the design of the Proposed Scheme.

Compared to the Baseline Scheme, there are several wind enhancement features in the Proposed Scheme, which include:

i. More Streamline Building Design

Sharp-turning at building corners of the baseline development will block the wind passage at pedestrian levels. It is replaced by chamfered building corners in the proposed development where the wind circulated around the building is promoted.

ii. Removal of the Separated M&E Room

The separated M&E Room is situated at the north-western boundary of the Baseline Development. In the proposed development, the M&E room is incorporated in the main building. The footprint of the proposed development is reduced. This promote wind passage through the northwestern portion of the development site and increase the wind permeability toward Tin Shui Wai town centre.

iii. Building Setback and Reduced Building Footprint

Reduced building footprint in the proposed case compared to the base case give rise to increased setback distance between the proposed building and the pedestrian walkway to the north and sports ground of Buddhist Mau Fung

Memorial College to the south. Smaller building footprint promote the wind passage besides the proposed building and improve the ventilation environment.

Appendix C illustrates the difference between the Baseline and Proposed Schemes for easy reference.

3. Methodology of the Study

3.1 Modelling Tool and Model Setup

In the current study, the analysis was conducted using the Computational Fluid Dynamic (CFD) model. To determine the air ventilation at pedestrian areas, wind flow pattern and local velocity of the subject area were computed for the main prevailing wind directions.

The Baseline and Proposed Schemes were simulated.

3.1.1 Wind Availability

The prevailing wind data is extracted from the Site Wind Availability Data, which was a wind data set simulated using the meso-scale numerical model Regional Atmospheric Modelling System (RAMS) version 6.0 and released by the Planning Department. The relevant wind rose analysis result of the Proposed Development is shown in **Figure 4**. According to the Wind Probability Table as shown in **Appendix G**, the wind rose result indicates the dominance of each of the 16 wind directions and distribution of wind speed which is illustrated in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Frequency of Occurrence of Individual Wind Directions

Wind Direction	Percentage of Occurrence, % (1)	Average Velocity at infinity, m/s ^{(2)(3) (4)}		
90°(E)	16.1	5.81		
45°(NE)	10.9	7.06		
112.5°(ESE)	10.0	5.24		
67.5°(ENE)	9.4	5.46		
202.5°(SSW)	8.8	6.34		
135°(SE)	8.0	5.55		
157.5°(SSE)	7.2	6.42		
22.5°(NNE)	7.0	6.81		
180°(S)	6.8	5.84		
225°(SW)	5.2	6.19		
0° (N)	2.3	3.74		
247.5°(WSW)	2.3	4.52		
270°(W)	2.2	2.73		
337.5°(NNW)	1.3	3.58		
292.5°(WNW)	1.2	2.88		
315°(NW)	1.2	3.04		

Note:

- (1) Percentage of occurrence extracted directly from the wind probability table
- (2) Average wind speed calculated based on percentage of occurrence of individual range of wind speed from the wind probability table
- (3) The reference height of the wind speed is 500 m.
- (4) The bolded wind directions are the top 8 most predominant wind directions which were selected for wind performance simulation. The sum of percentage of occurrence of these wind

directions (8 prevailing wind directions) was over 75%. The selection of wind data is made reference from Section 20, Annex A of Technical Circular No. 1/06 – Air Ventilation Assessments jointly issued by House, Planning and Lands Bureau and Environmental, Transport and Works Bureau on 19th July 2006.

3.1.2 Wind Profile

The vertical discretization of the velocity profile is approximated by using a logarithmic law:

$$\mathbf{u_z} = \frac{\mathbf{u_*}}{\kappa} \times \ln\left(\frac{z}{z_o}\right)$$

Where

 u_z = mean wind speed at height z (m)

u∗ = friction velocity (m/s)

 $k = \text{Von Kármán constant } (\sim 0.41)$

 z_0 = surface roughness length (m)

Surface Roughness Length (z_0) is a corrective measure to account for the effect of the roughness of a surface on wind flow, and between 1/10 and 1/30 of the average height of the roughness elements on the ground. Terrain crossed by approaching wind and the corresponding Surface Roughness Length (z_0) are shown in **Table 2**.

Table 2: Terrain Crossed by Approaching Wind and Corresponding Surface Roughness Length

Terrain Crossed by Approaching Wind	Surface Roughness Length (z ₀)		
Open Sea	0.0002		
Open Flat Terrain, Grass, Few isolated Obstacles	0.0300		
Low Crops, Occasional Obstacles	0.1000		
High Crops, Scattered Obstacles	0.2500		
Parkland, Bushed, Numerous Obstacles	0.5000		
Suburb, Forest, regular Large Obstacle Coverage	0.7500		

As the Proposed Development is surrounded by occasional obstacles in the 8 most predominant directions (i.e. E, NE, ESE, ENE, SSW, SE, SSE & NNE), the surface roughness was assumed to be <u>0.1</u> for wind from these directions.

3.2 Study Area & Test Points

According to the "Technical Guide for Air Ventilation Assessment for Developments in Hong Kong" published by Housing, Planning and Lands Bureau and Environment, Transport and Works Bureau, the Assessment Area of the project shall include the project's surrounding up to a perpendicular distance of the height of the tallest

building on site (i.e. H≈40m) from the project boundary. Moreover, the Surrounding Area of up to a perpendicular distance of 2H from the project boundary shall be included.

The height of the Proposed Development is about 40 m. The Assessment Area of the project is set to 40 m. All buildings within 80 m radius from the site were included in the model assessment. The study area is shown in **Figure 2**.

Test points are positioned alongside of the site boundary and open space surrounding the site. Test points are located in the following areas:

Perimeter Test Points

Perimeter test points (red dots) are the test points positioned along the site boundary of the Proposed Development. 45 perimeter test points are selected and shown in **Figure 2**. Since the eastern part of the site boundary facing the Tin Tsz Road is not commonly accessed by pedestrian, this area was regarded to have no major air ventilation issue. Thus, no test point is selected in this area.

Overall Test Points

Overall test points (blue dots) are the test points evenly distributed in the open space on the streets and places where pedestrian frequently access within Assessment Area. 37 overall test points are selected and are shown in **Figure 2**.

3.3 Assessment Parameters

Wind Velocity Ratio

The Wind Velocity Ratio (VR) as proposed by the Technical Circular was employed to assess the ventilation performances of the Proposed Development and the surrounding environment. Higher VR implies better ventilation. The calculation of VR is given by the following formula:

$$VR = V_p / V_{\infty}$$

 V_{∞} = the wind velocity at the top of the wind boundary layer (typically assumed to be around 596m above the centre of the site of concern, or at a height where wind is unaffected by the urban roughness below).

 V_p = the wind velocity at the pedestrian level (2 m above ground) after taking into account the effects of buildings.

A higher VR indicates a lower impact due to the buildings on wind availability.

The Average VR is defined as the weighted average VR with respect to the percentage of occurrence of the considered wind directions. This gives a general idea of the ventilation performance at the considered location on an annual basis.

Site Spatial Average Velocity Ratio

The site spatial average velocity ratio (SVR) proposed by the Technical Circular was also employed to assess the ventilation performances of the proposed development and the surrounding environment. SVR represents the average VR of all perimeter test points at the site boundary which identified in the report. It quantifies the general ventilation performances over the site.

Local Spatial Average Velocity Ratio

The local spatial average velocity ratio (LVR) represents the average VR of all test points positioned in the assessment area. It quantifies the general ventilation performances over the assessment area.

3.4 Assessment Tools

The commercial Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) software, PHOENICS, was used for this study. With the use of three-dimensional CFD method, the local airflow distribution can be visualised in detail. The air velocity distribution within the flow domain, being affected by the site-specific design and the surrounding buildings, was simulated under the prevailing wind conditions round the year.

3.4.1 CFD Model

Domain Size & Grid Setting

The size of the CFD model for this study was approximately 985 m (L) x 855 m (W) x 240 m (H) and contains more than 747,522 cells. The whole CFD domain covered the entire development and the surrounding buildings.

Cartesian grid with Fine-Grid Embedding systems were used in the current study. Finer grid system (with the smallest grid size of 2 m horizontally and 0.5 m vertically) was applied to the most concerned area within 80 m from the Development, i.e., ~2H) based on preliminary judgement with expansion ratio of 1.2 from 80 m away from the Development. The wall boundary was set to slip wall to reduce the shear stress near the wall.

Turbulence Models

For the external wind flow simulations, K-e turbulence model was used.

Solution Convergence

The model set up allowed for the number of convergence to be input prior to running the model. All models were conducted for 7,000 iterations at a convergence of 0.1%.

4. Result and Discussion

4.1 Modelling Results

An air ventilation assessment was conducted to evaluate the potential impact of the proposed development on the wind environment of the surrounding of the site on pedestrian level. Baseline and Proposed Schemes were simulated under 8 predominant wind directions (i.e. E, NE, ESE, ENE, SSW, SE, SSE and NNE). Wind Velocity Ratio (VR) is used as indicator of performance for each test point to evaluate the ventilation performance on the pedestrian level. The results from the prevailing wind directions for the Development Site, the Surrounding Area and different concerned areas are summarized in **Table 3**. Contour and vector plots are attached in **Appendix E**. Detailed results are illustrated in **Appendix F**.

Table 3: Velocity Ratio at Assessment Area for Baseline and Proposed Schemes

	Average Velocity Ratio (VR)			
Assessment Area	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Change	%Change
SVR (P1 to P45)	0.206	0.231	0.025	+12.2%
LVR (P1 to P45, O46 to O82)	0.236	0.249	0.013	+5.5%
Tin Cheung Road (P7 to P23, O46 to O57)	0.310	0.342	0.032	+10.2%
Tin Pak Road (P1 to P6, P45, O58 to O71)	0.184	0.188	0.004	+2.4%
Buddhist Mau Fung Memorial College (P24 to P44, O72 to O82)	0.203	0.205	0.001	+0.7%

4.2 Discussion on Site Air Ventilation Assessment

From **Table 3**, SVRs of Baseline and Proposed Schemes are 0.206 and 0.231, respectively. Results showed that the wind performance at immediate vicinity in Proposed Scheme is relatively better than that in the Baseline Scheme. The overall improvement (+12.2%) in wind performance of the Subject Site might be caused by the removal of separate M&E room and the streamlined building design. Removal of blockage from the separate M&E enhance the wind performance at the north-eastern portion of the subject site.

For better wind performance at the western and southwestern portions of the proposed building, the improvement might be due to the streamlined building design. In difference with sharp-turning of building corner as in the base case design, the proposed case building provide round corner which facilitate the wind passage around the building.

For better wind performance at the northern and southern portions of the proposed building, the improvement might be due to the increase building setback of the proposed building. Greater setback distance promote the wind passage around the proposed building and improve the ventilation environment.

4.3 Discussion on Local Air Ventilation Assessment

From **Table 3**, LVRs of the Baseline and Proposed Schemes are 0.236 and 0.249, respectively. Similar to SVRs, the local air ventilation performance would be improved from Baseline Scheme to Proposed Scheme. According to **Table 3**, the removal of separate M&E room, chamfered corner design and reduced building footprint in the

proposed scheme building contributed to the slight overall improvement (+5.5%) in the wind performance for the whole assessment area.

4.4 Discussion on Focused Area

VRs at test points along Tin Cheung Road (P7 to P23, O46 to O57) are improved for Proposed Schemes, with an increase in average VRs of 0.032 for the Proposed Scheme. This might be due to the removal of separate M&E room, the chamfered design of southwest corner and reduced building footprint at the north of the proposed scheme, which cause redistribution of wind penetrating through the northwestern part of the site.

VRs at test points along Tin Pak Road (P1 to P6, P45, O58 to O71) are comparable for both Baseline and Proposed Schemes, with a slight increase in average VRs of 0.004 for the Proposed Scheme. There is a slight increase in VRs at Tin Pak Road, which situated at the west of the project. This might be due to the removal of separate M&E room and the chamfered design of southwest corner of the proposed scheme, which cause redistribution of wind penetrating through the north-western part of the site.

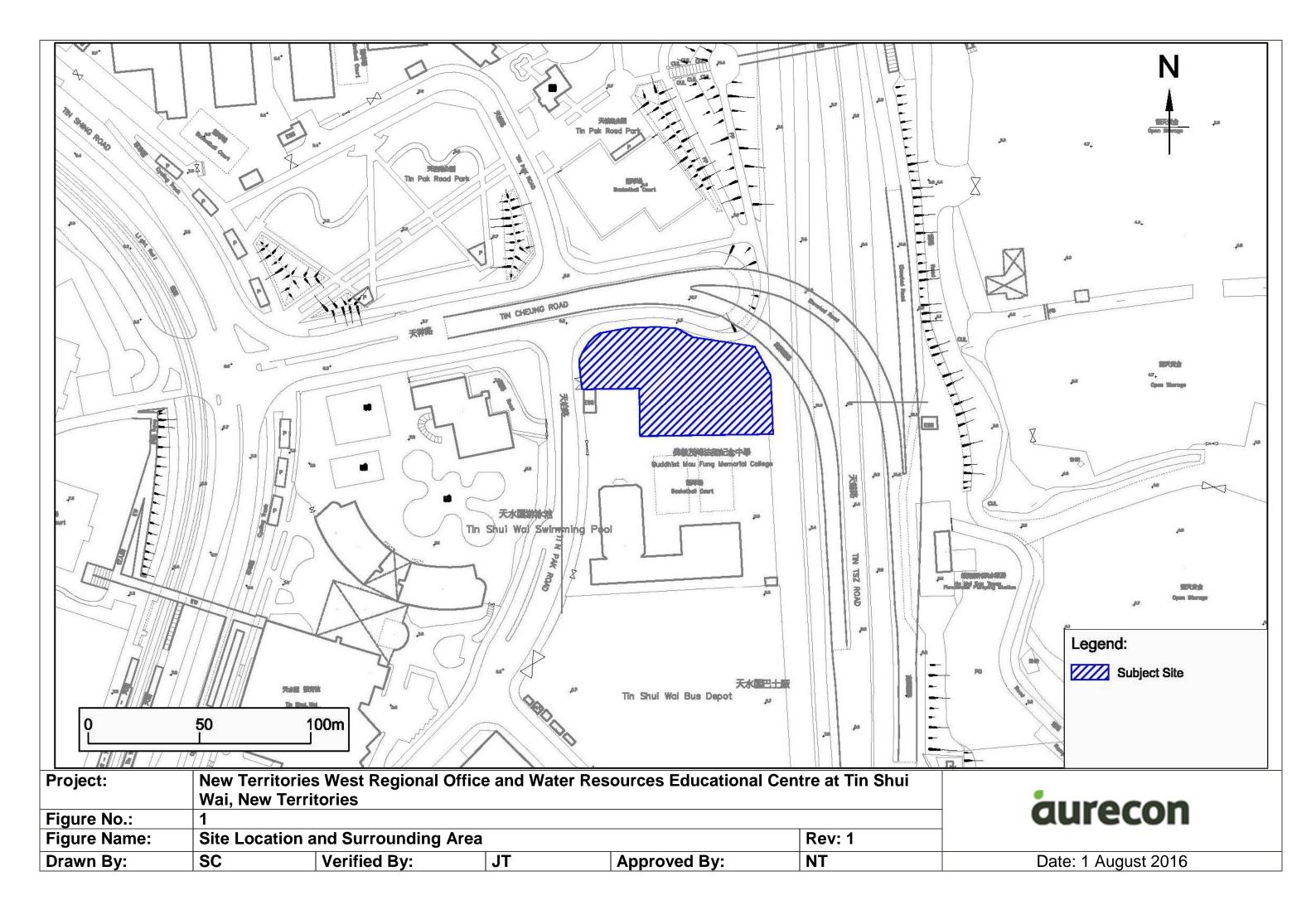
VRs at test points in Buddhist Mau Fung Memorial College (P24 to P44, O72 to O82) are also comparable for Baseline and Proposed Scheme, with a slight increase in average VRs of 0.001 for the Proposed Scheme. This slight increase in VR at the college might be due to the removal of separate M&E room, the chamfered building corner and reduced building footprint at the south of the proposed case building which redirect the prevailing east wind to the northwest of the project site.

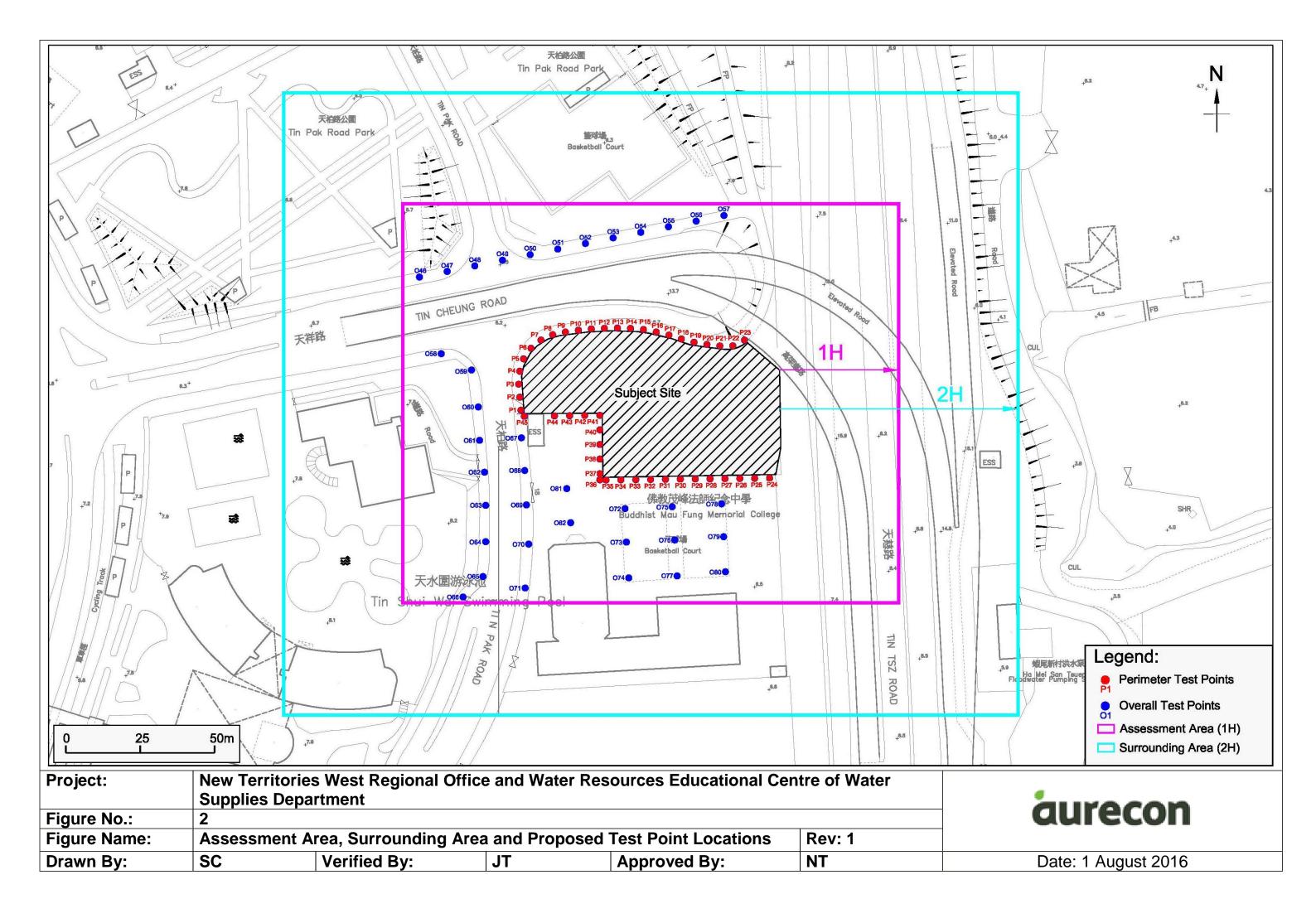
5. Conclusion

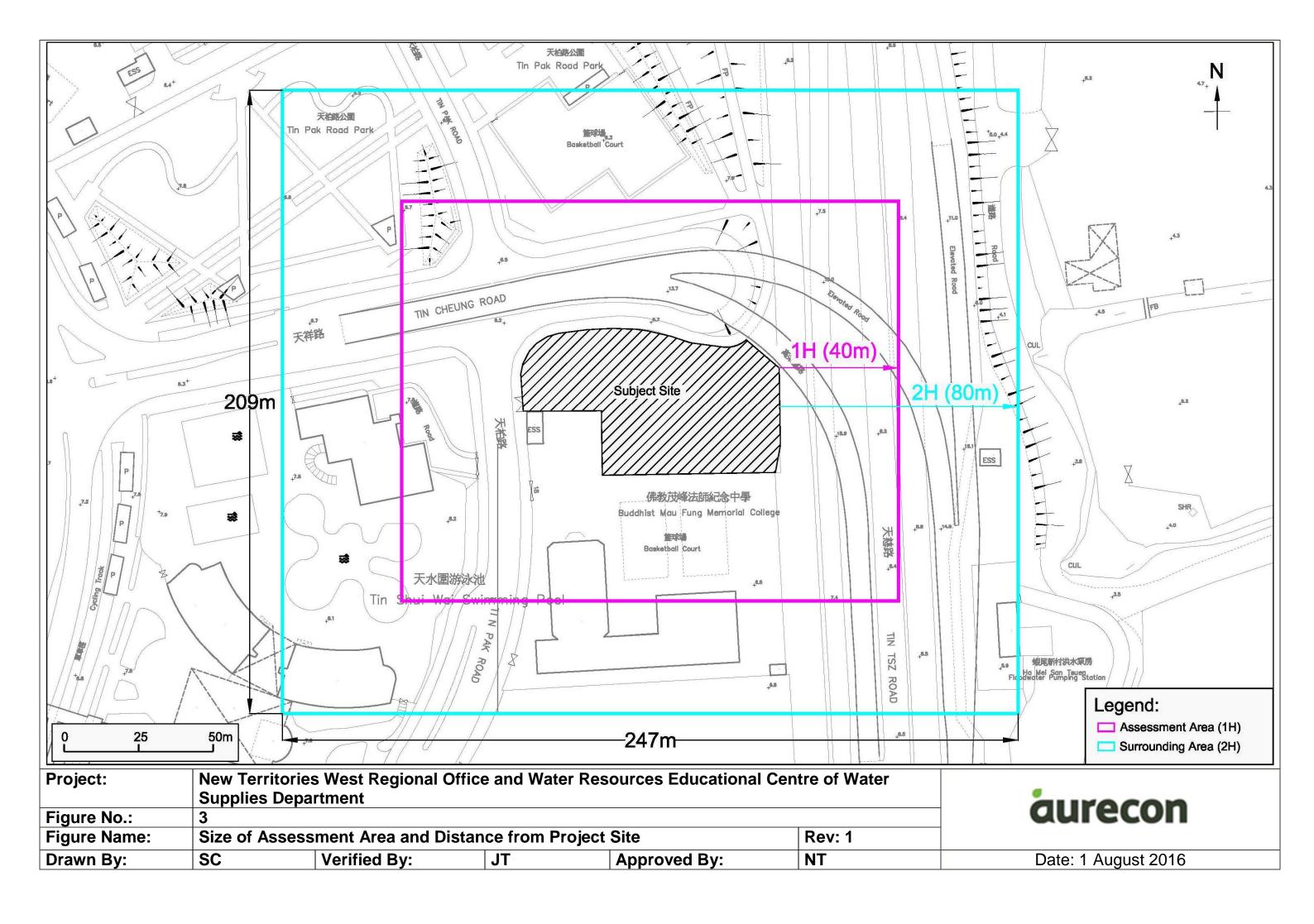
An Air Ventilation Assessment was conducted for the Proposed Development of New Territories West Regional Office & Water Resources Education Centre of Water Supplies Department to evaluate the wind performance of the pedestrian areas within the Site and its immediate surroundings. Baseline and Proposed Schemes were compared. Eight (8) wind directions were considered, which cover over 75% of annual wind availability.

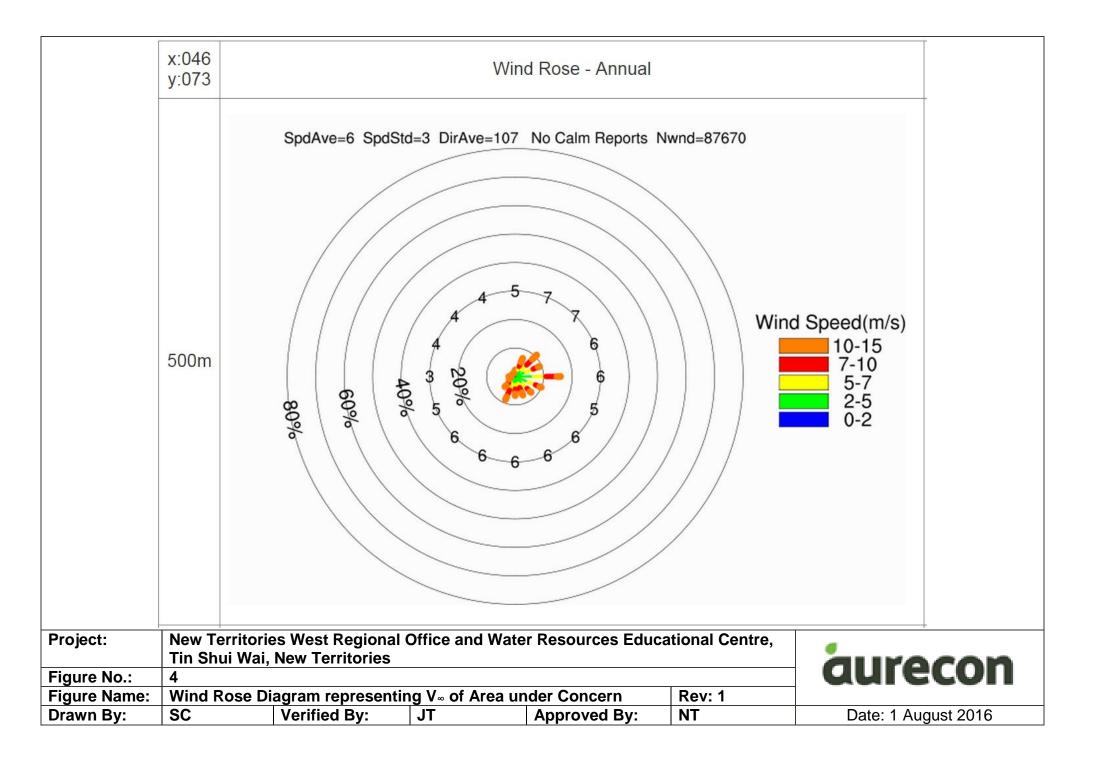
Overall, the findings of the study indicated that the Proposed Scheme would provide a better wind environment in the immediate vicinity and local area.

Figures



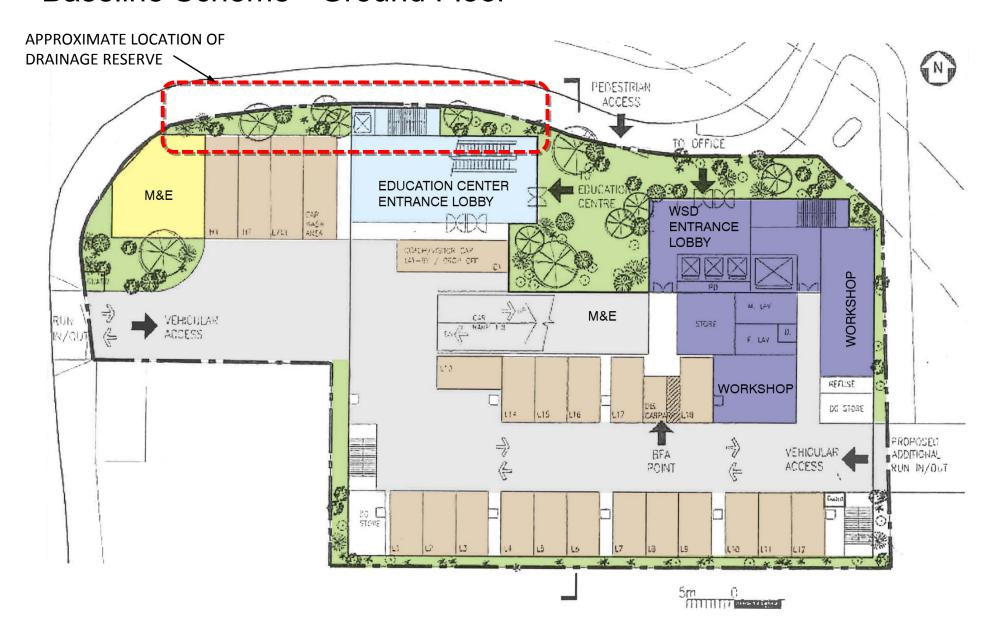






Appendix A Baseline Scheme

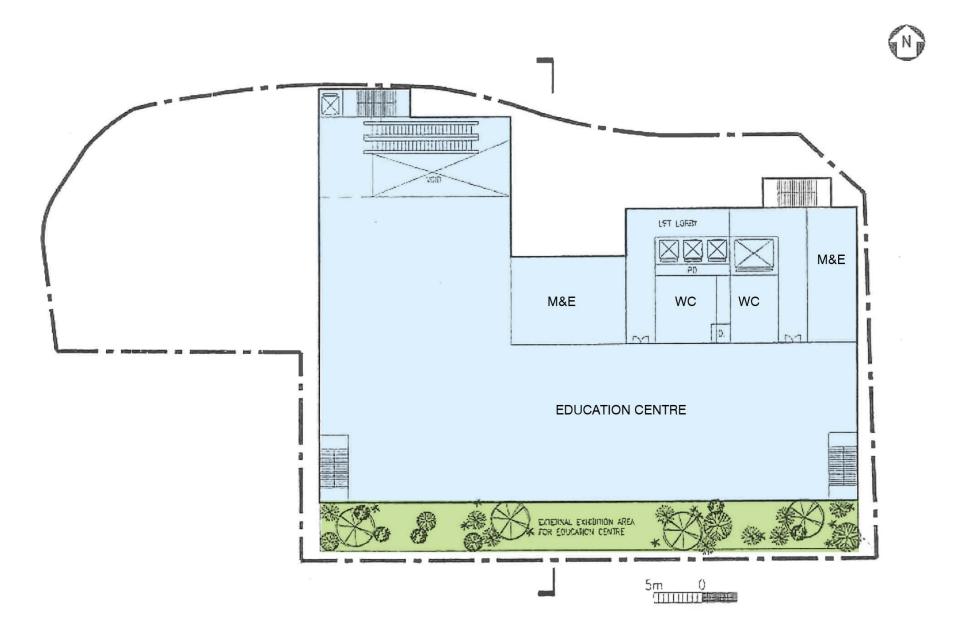
Architectural Design Baseline Scheme - Ground Floor



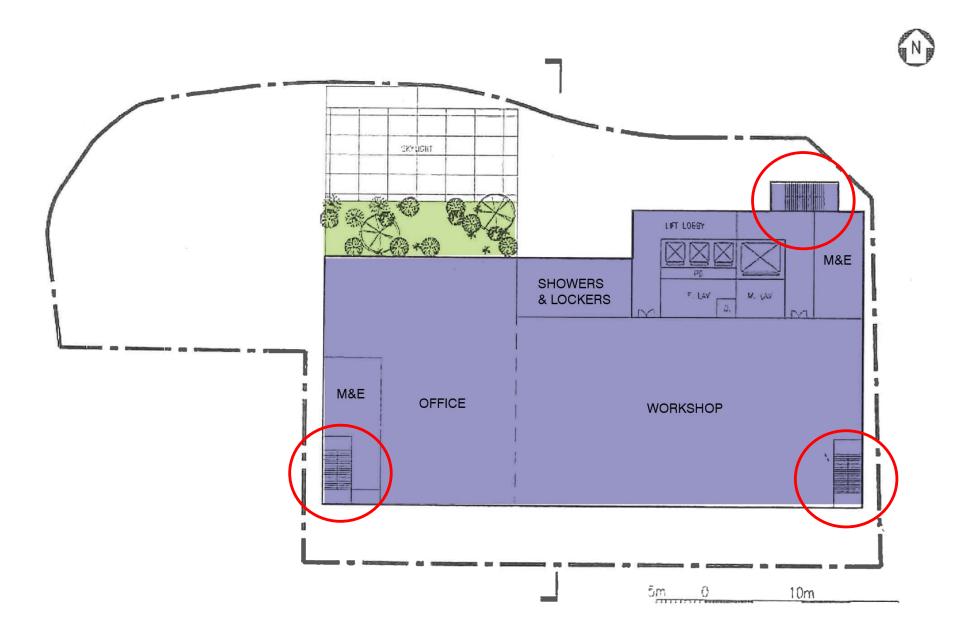
Architectural Design Baseline Scheme - First Floor



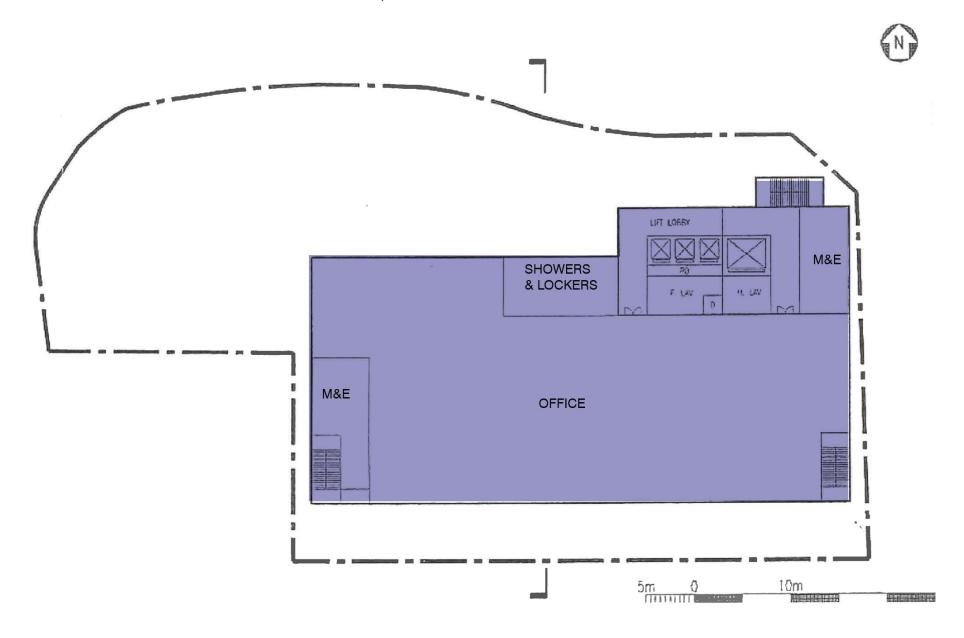
Architectural Design Baseline Scheme - Second Floor



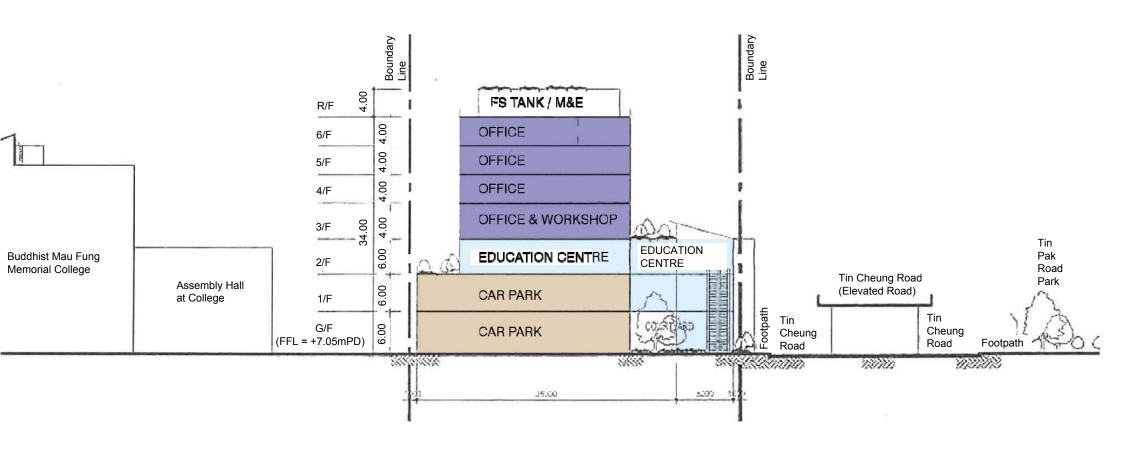
Architectural Design Baseline Scheme - Third Floor



Architectural Design Baseline Scheme - Fourth, Fifth & Sixth Floor



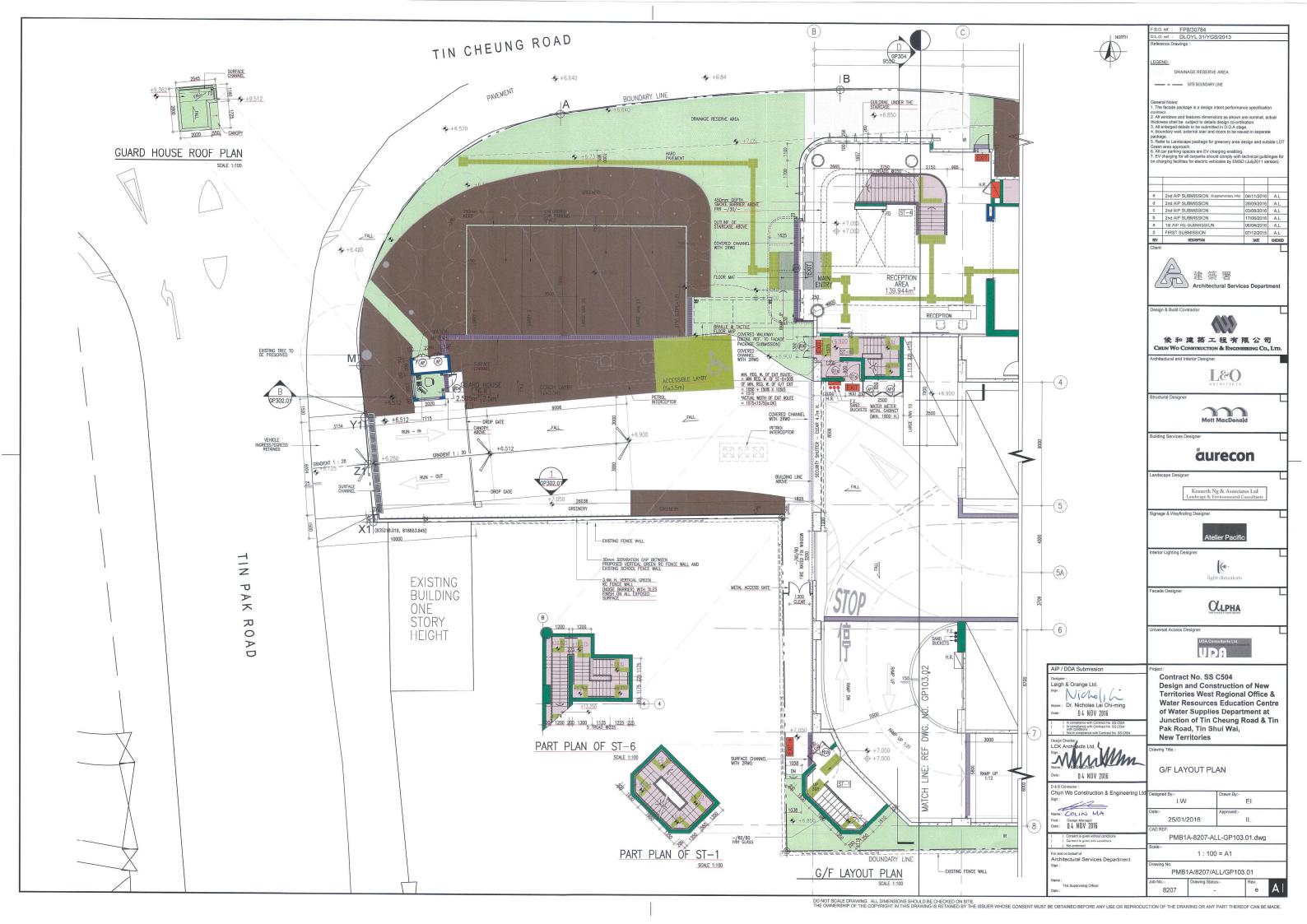
Architectural Design Baseline Scheme - Section

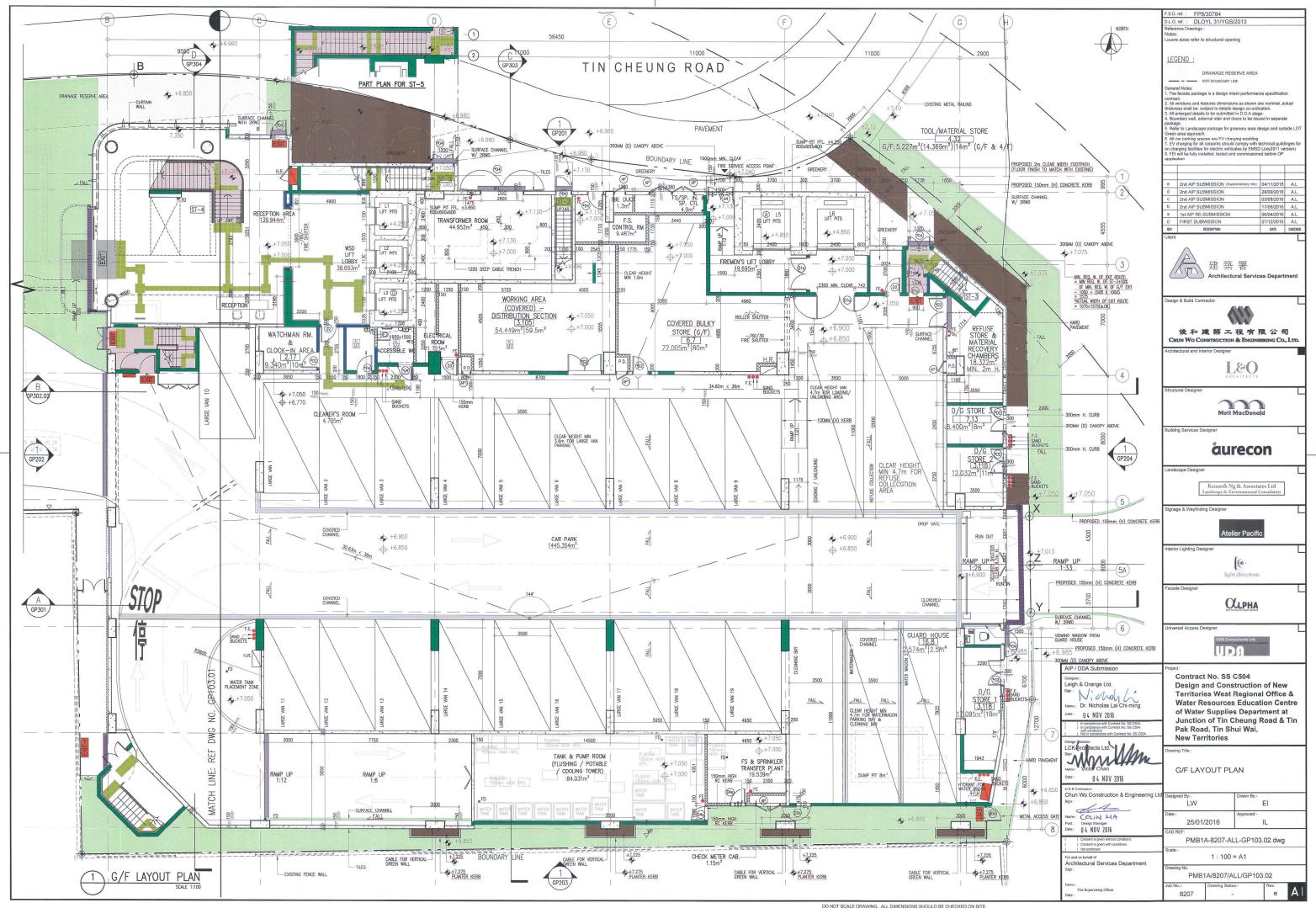


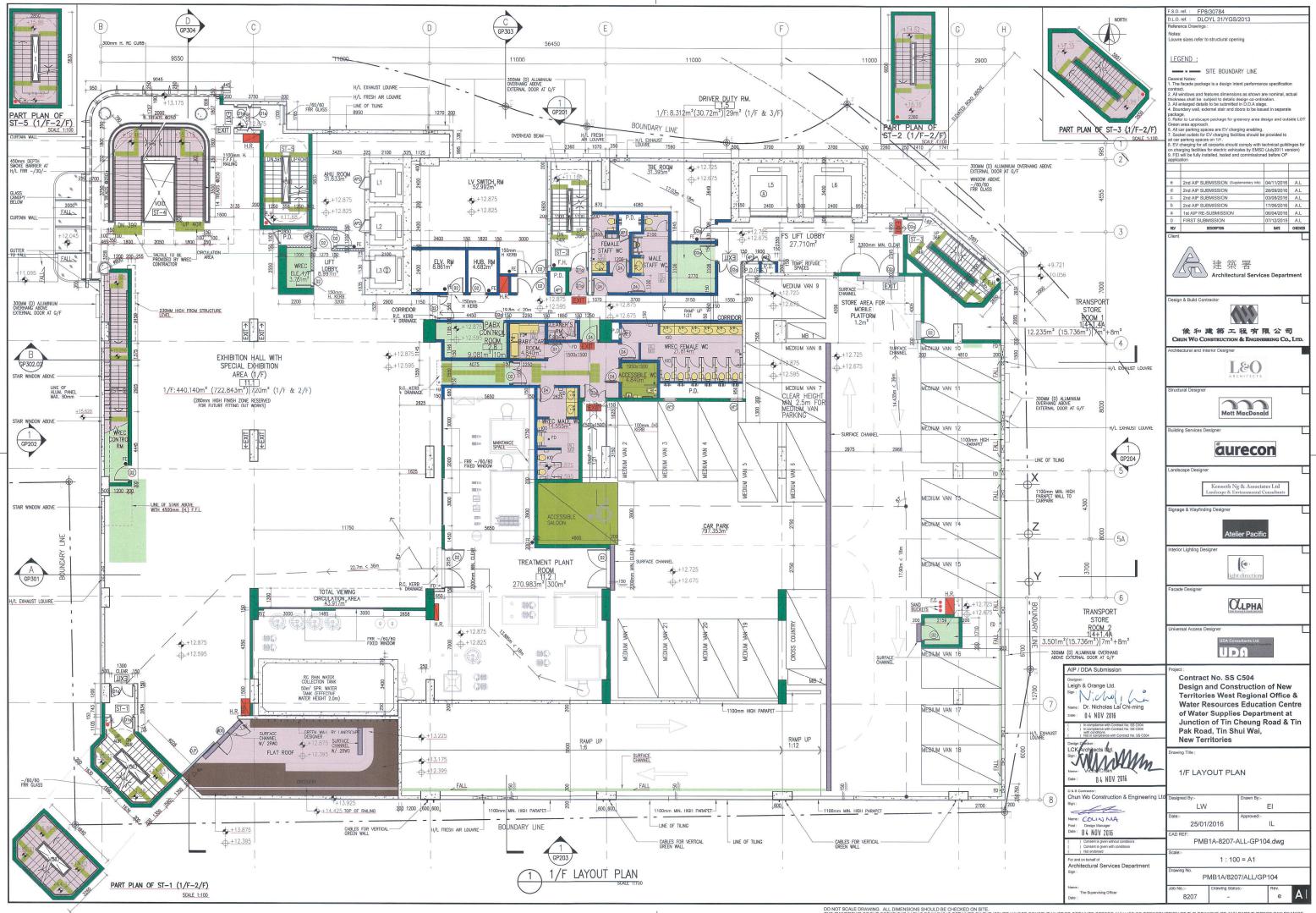
Note: Dimension is expressed as meters (m).

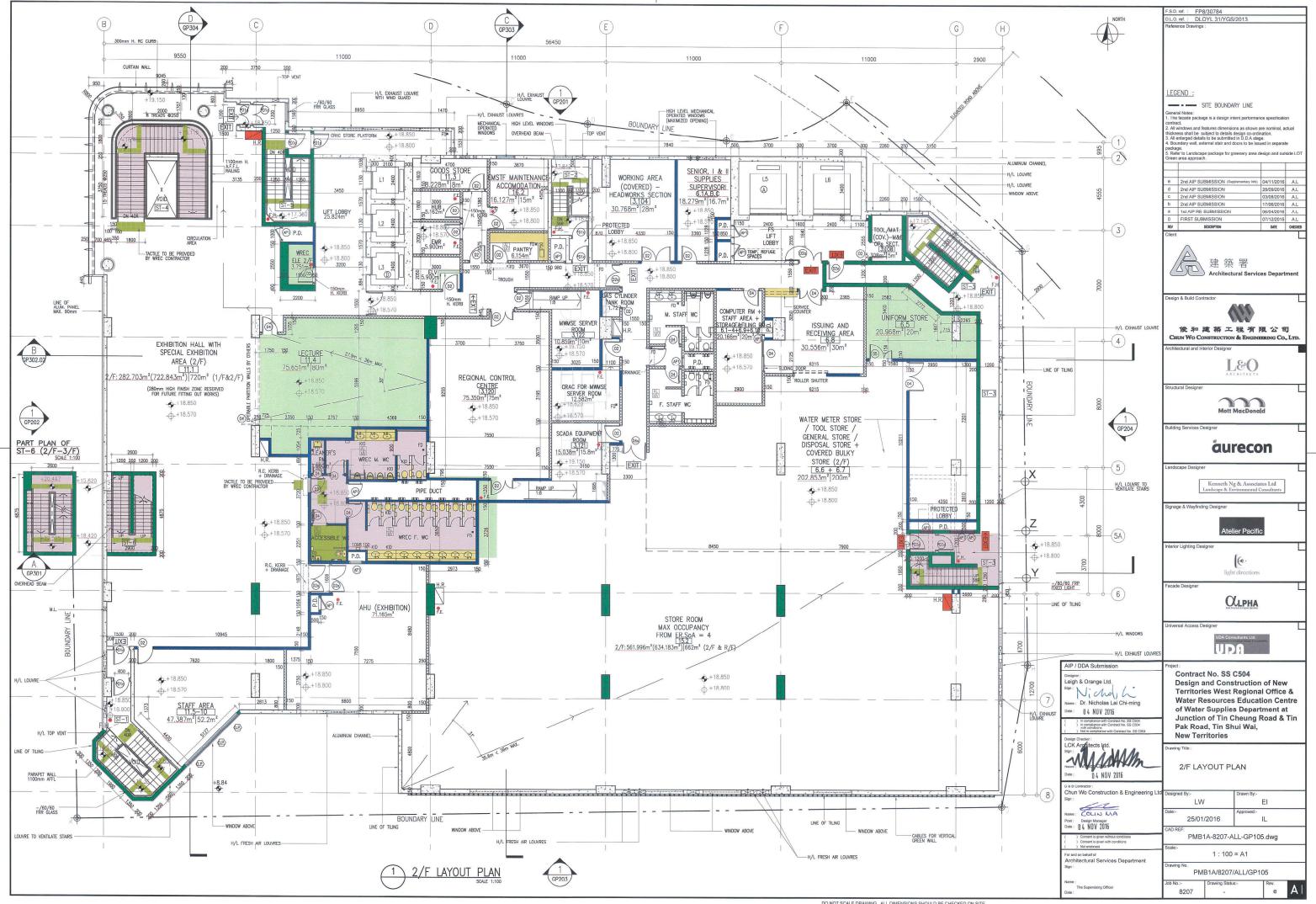


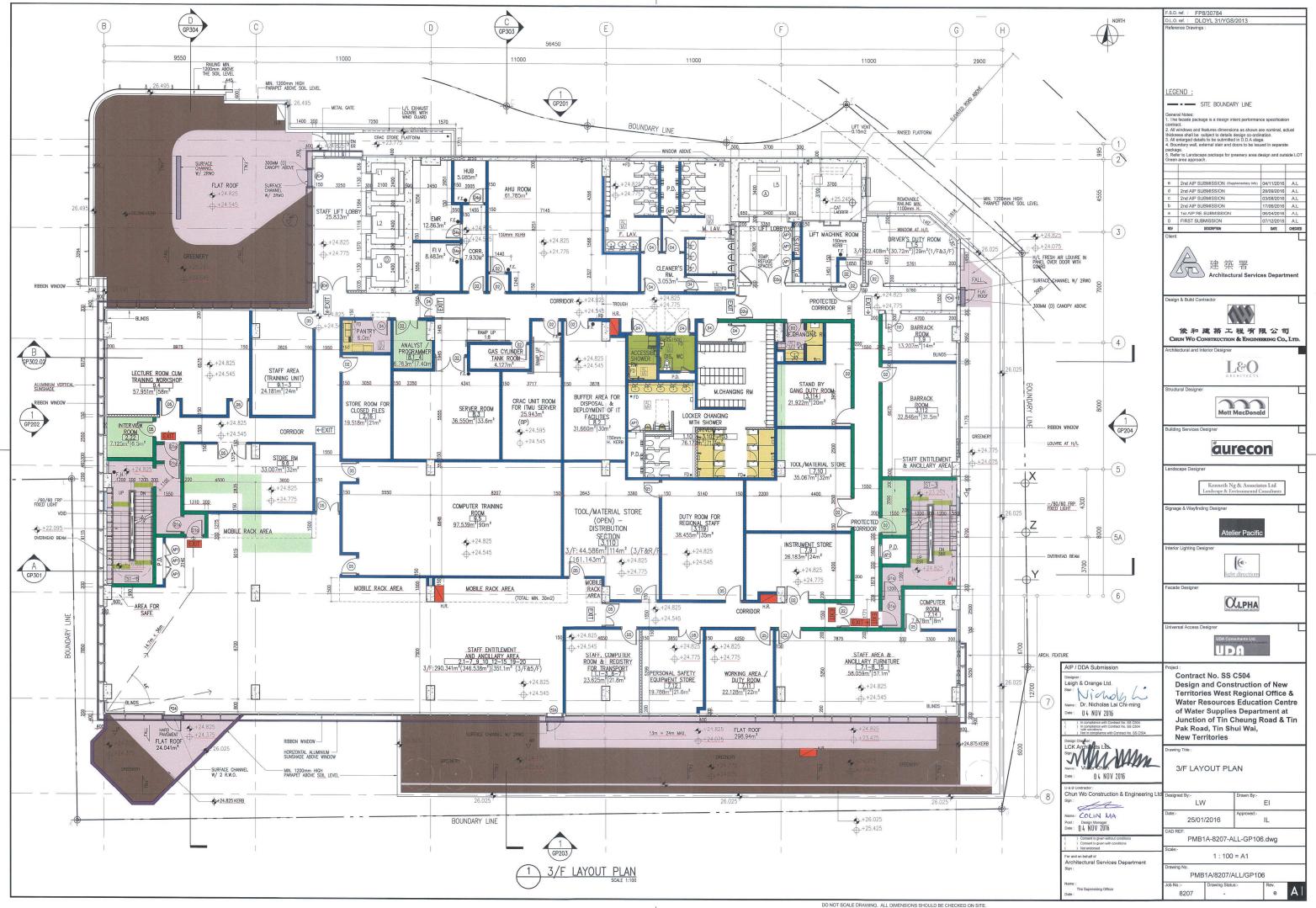
Appendix B Proposed Scheme

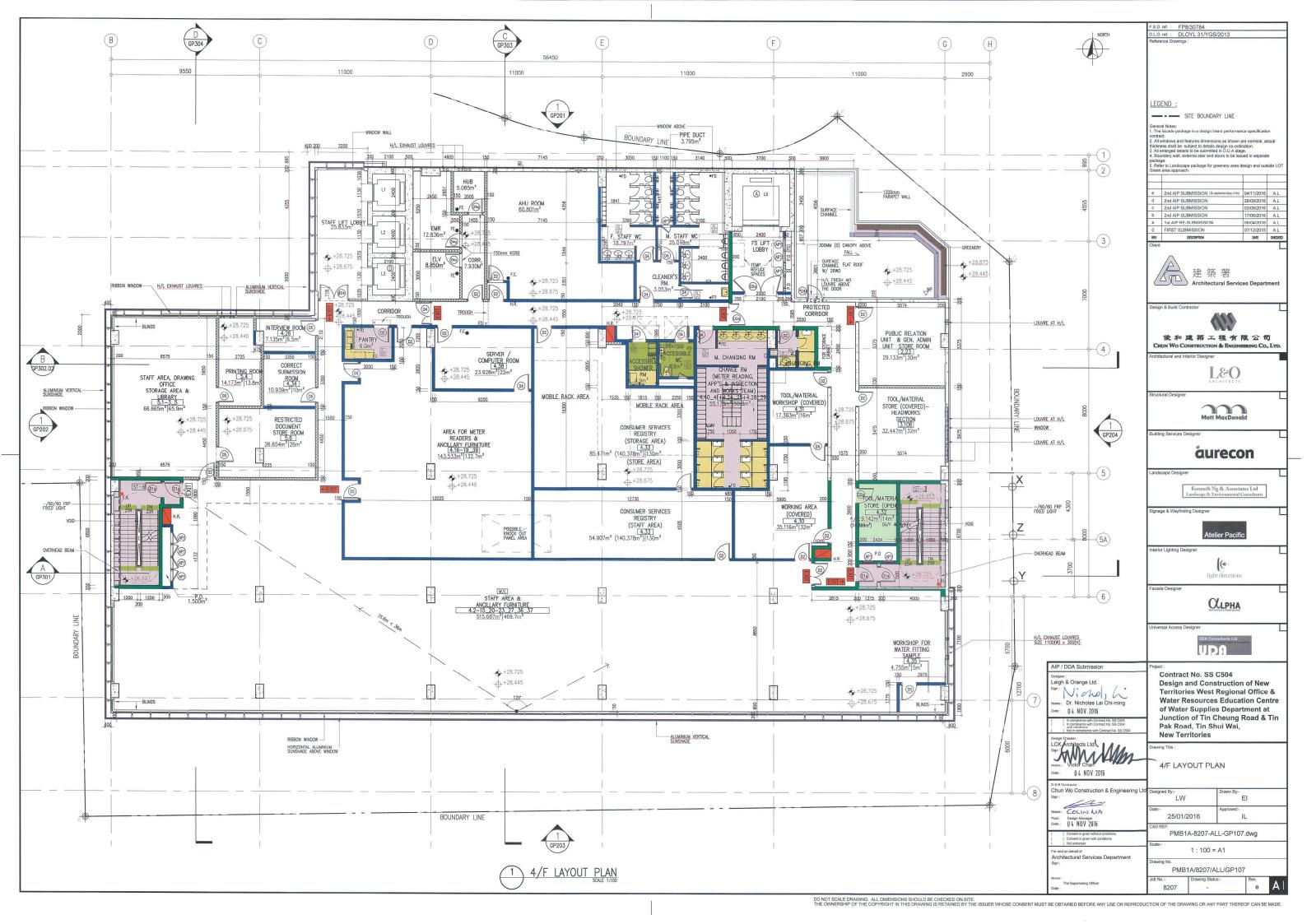


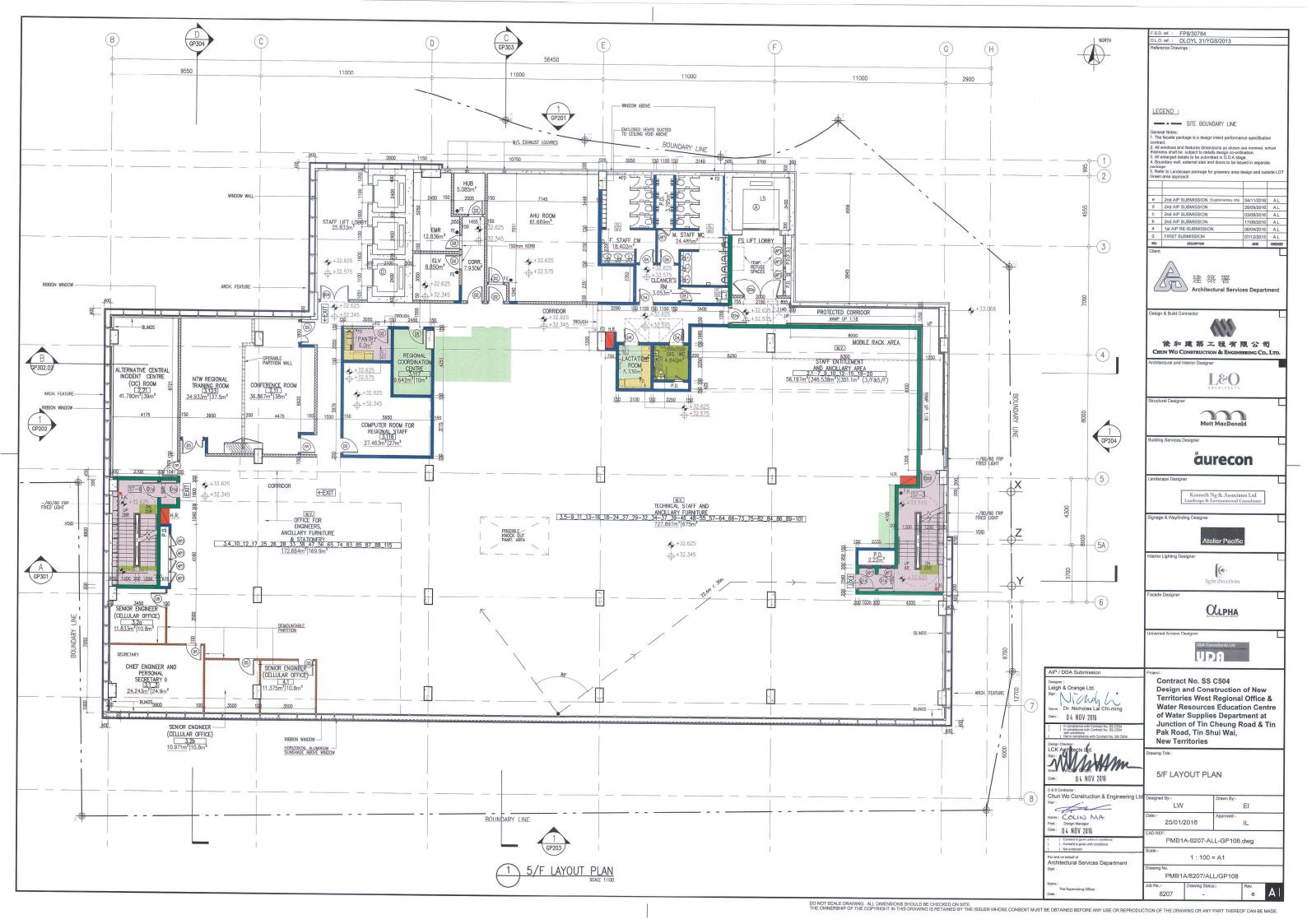


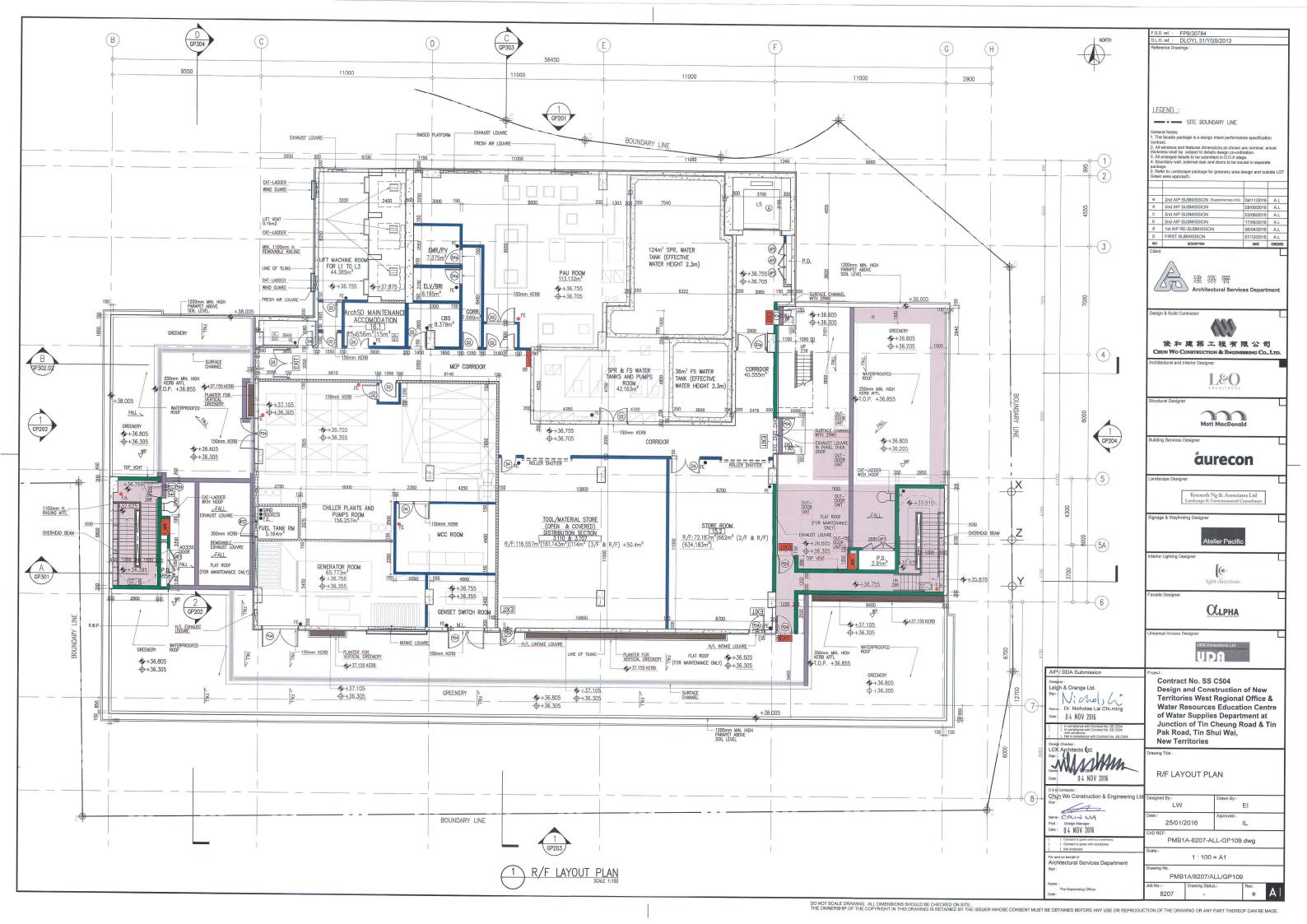


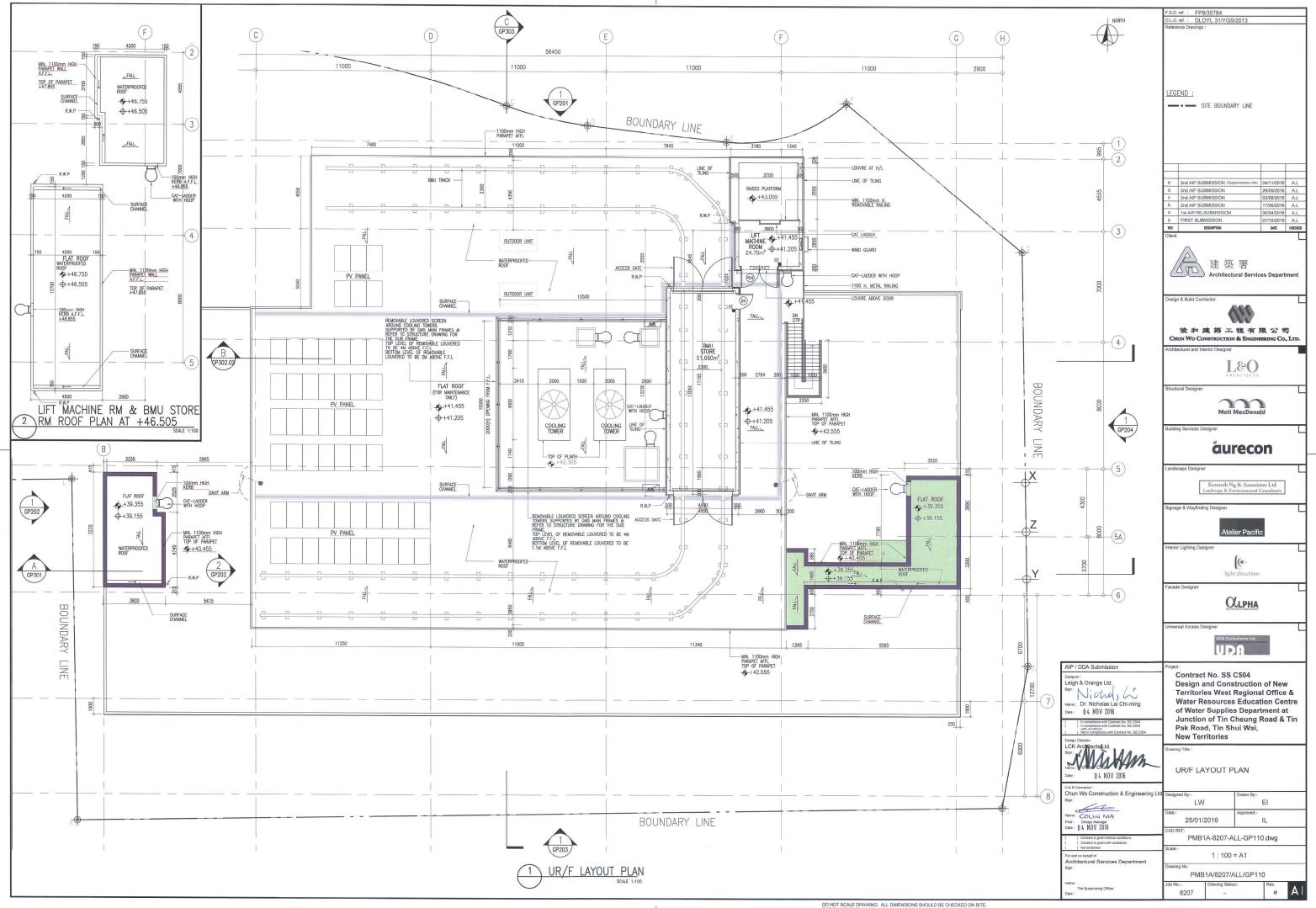


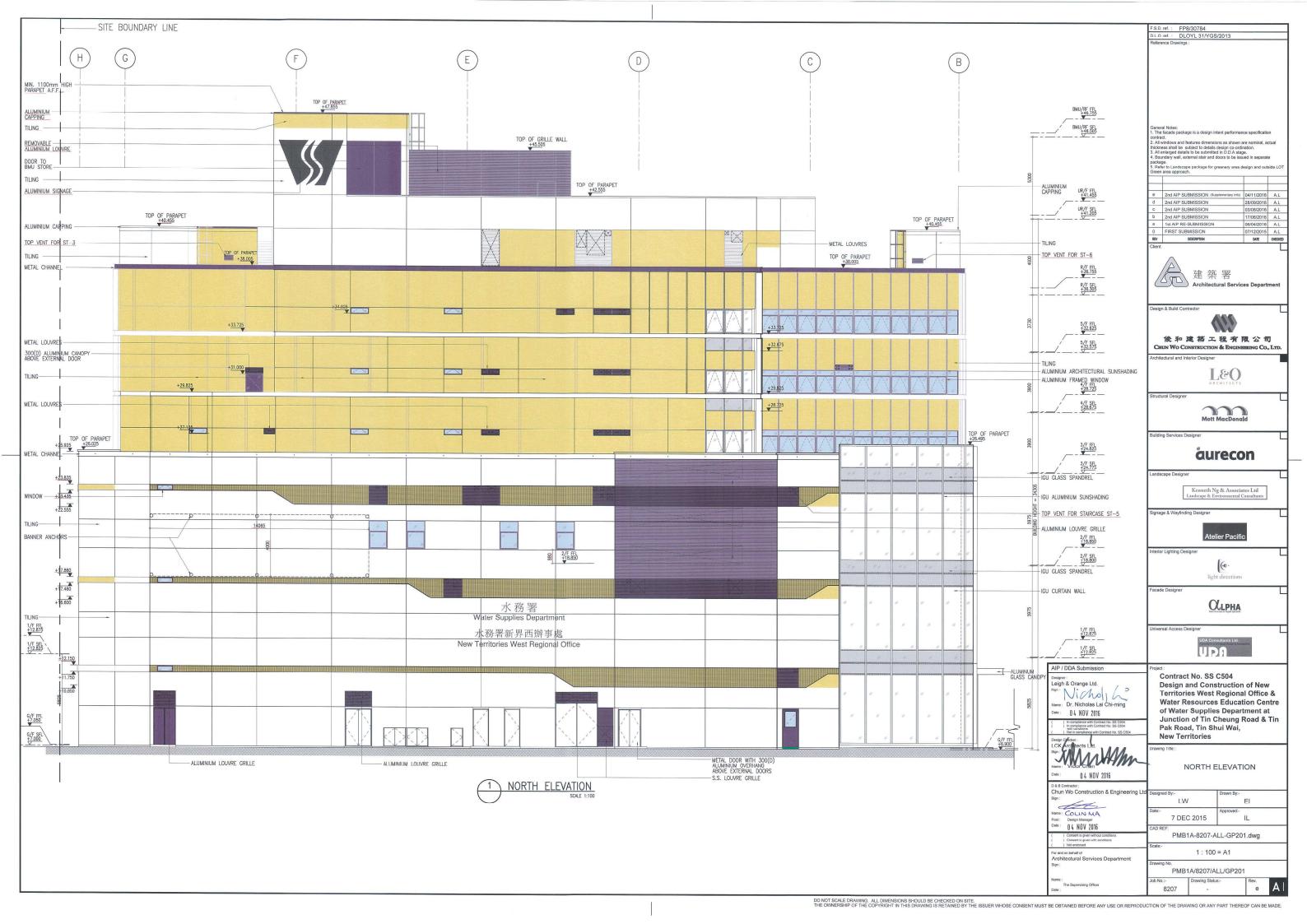


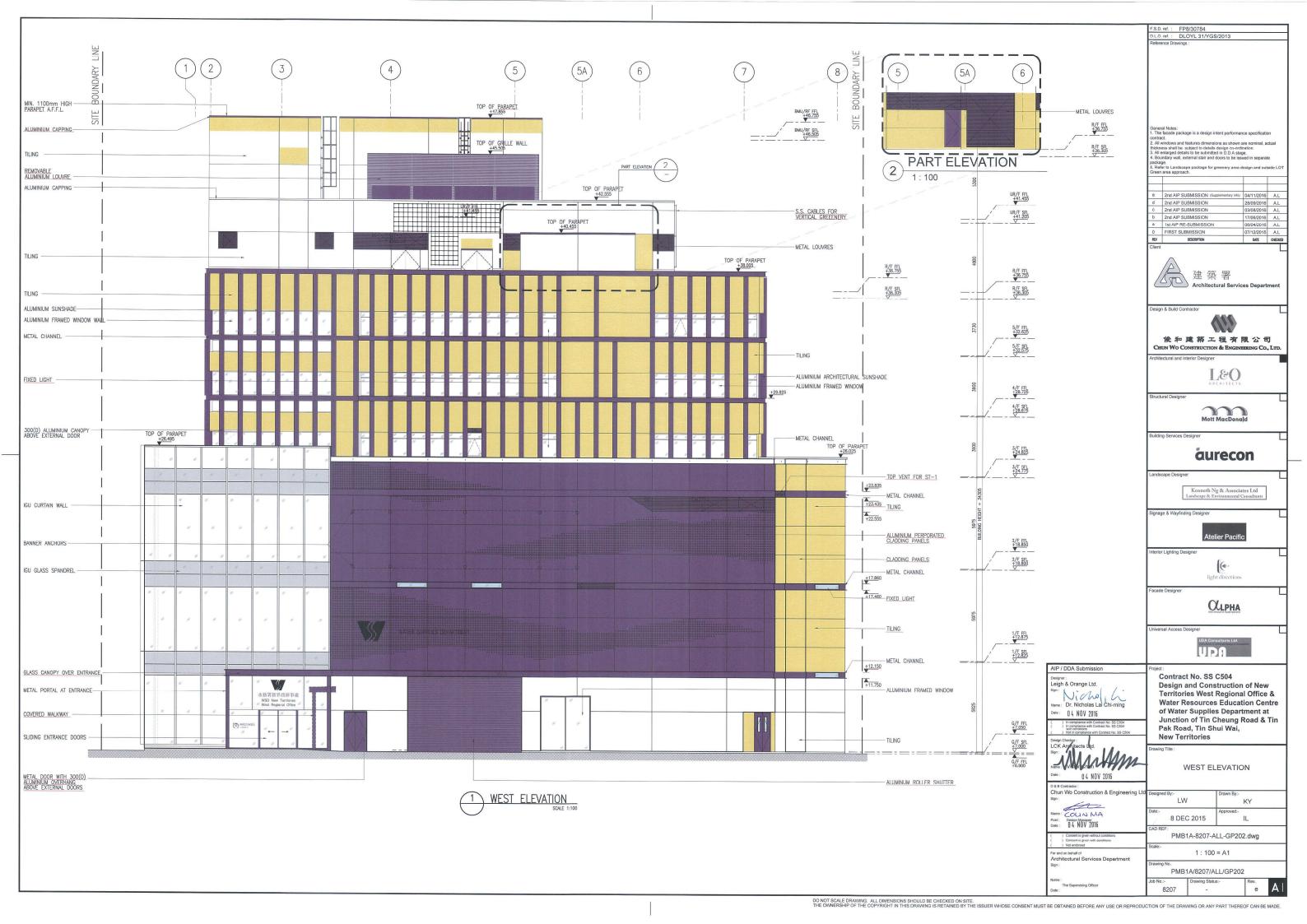


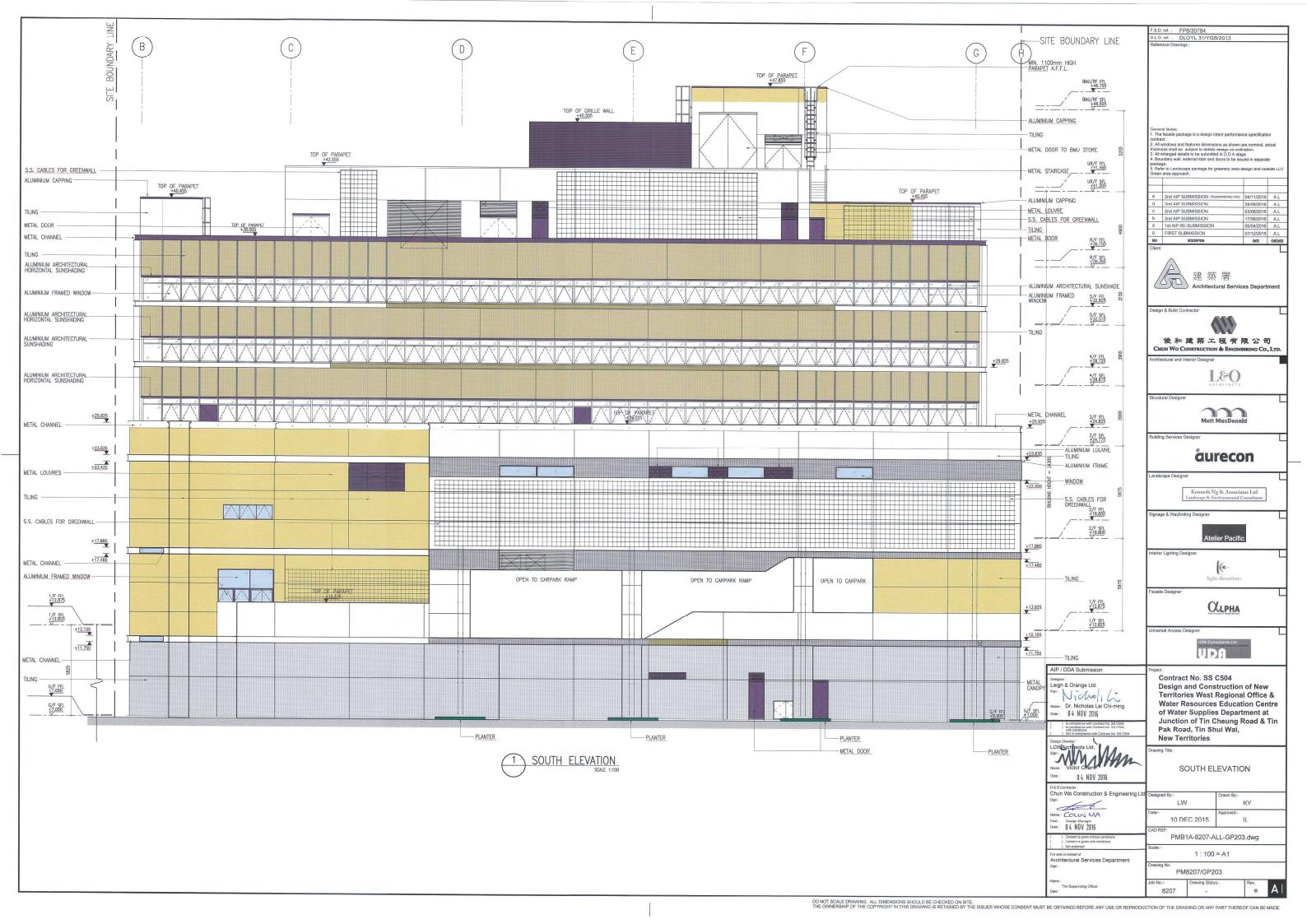


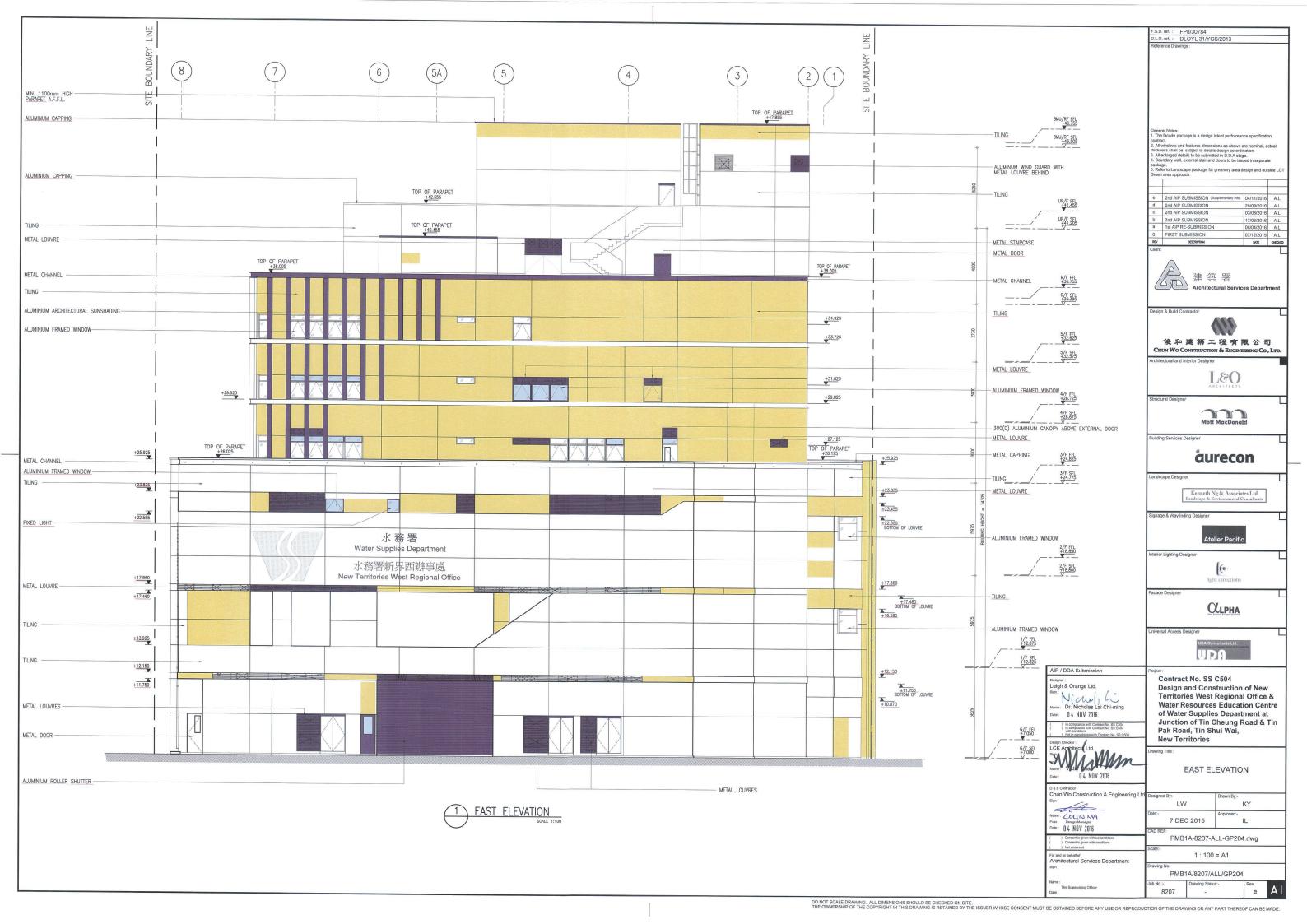


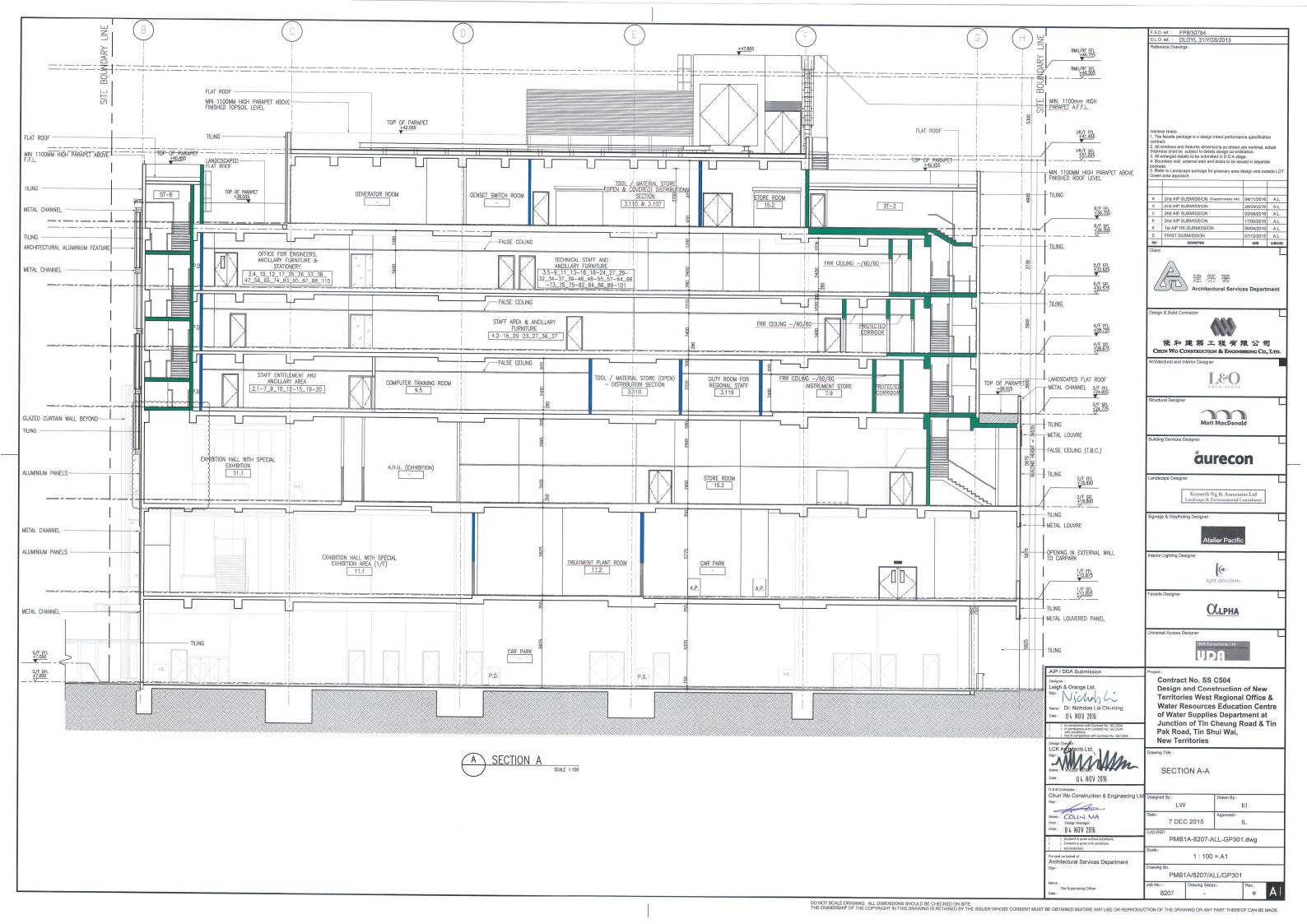


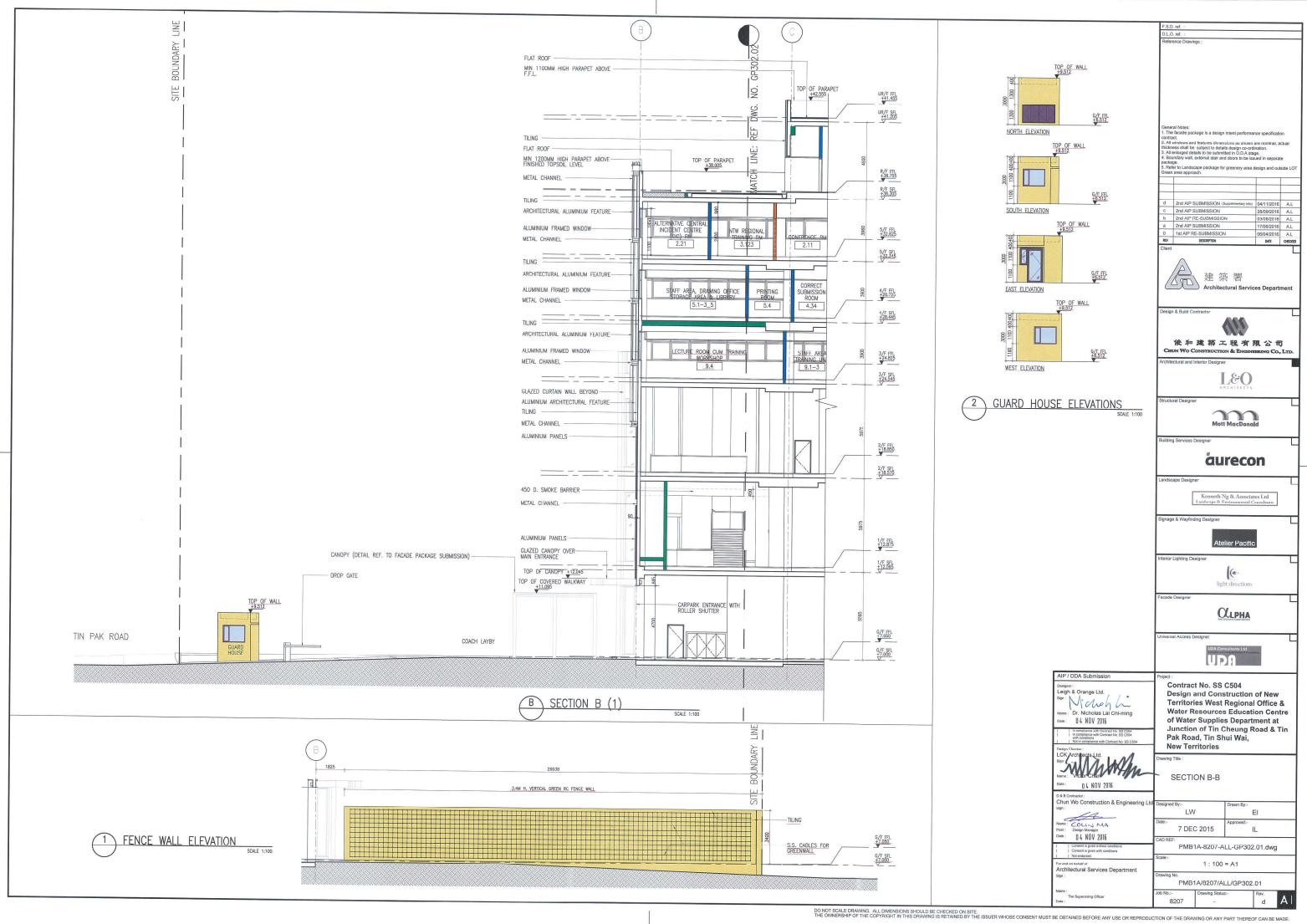


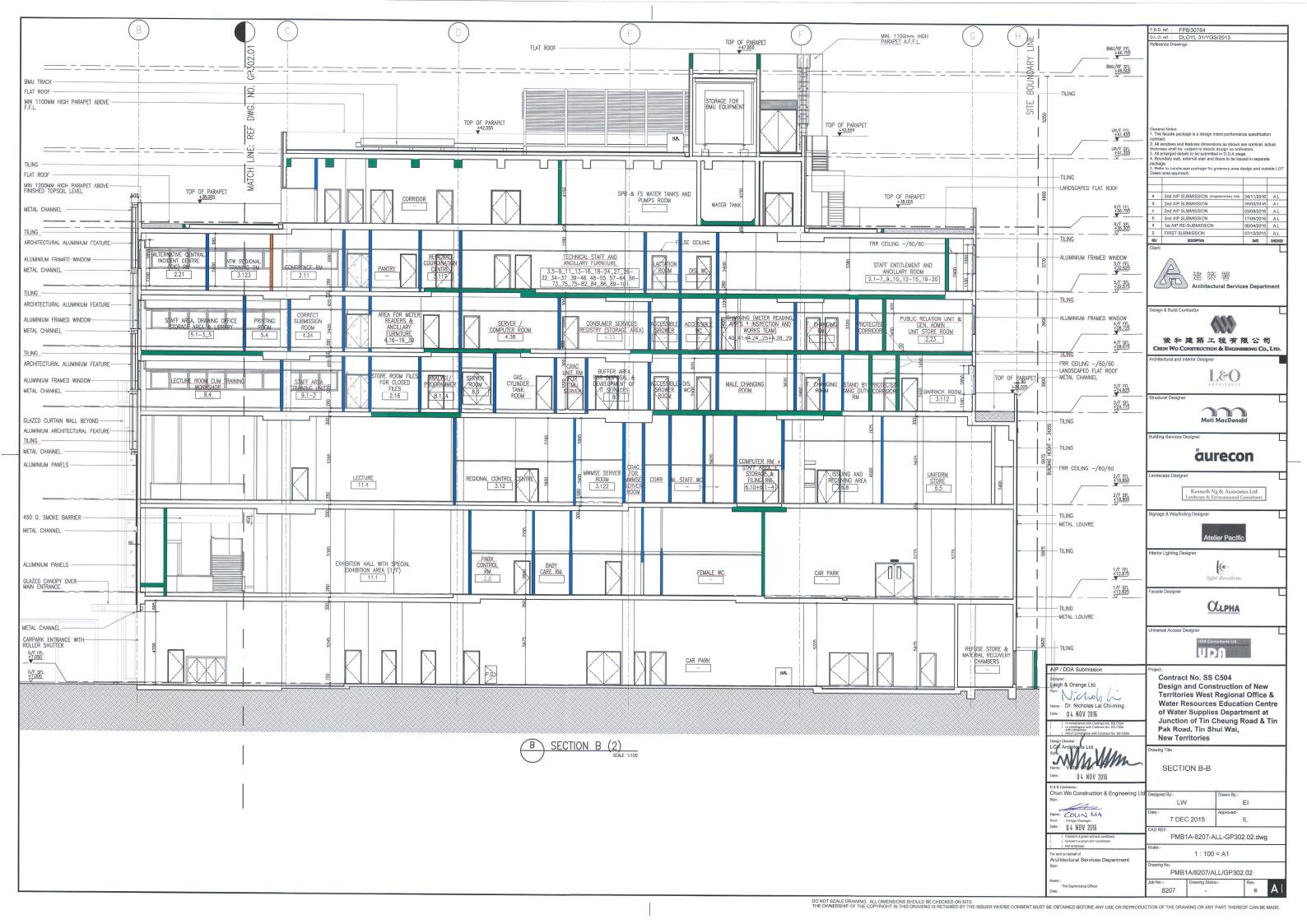


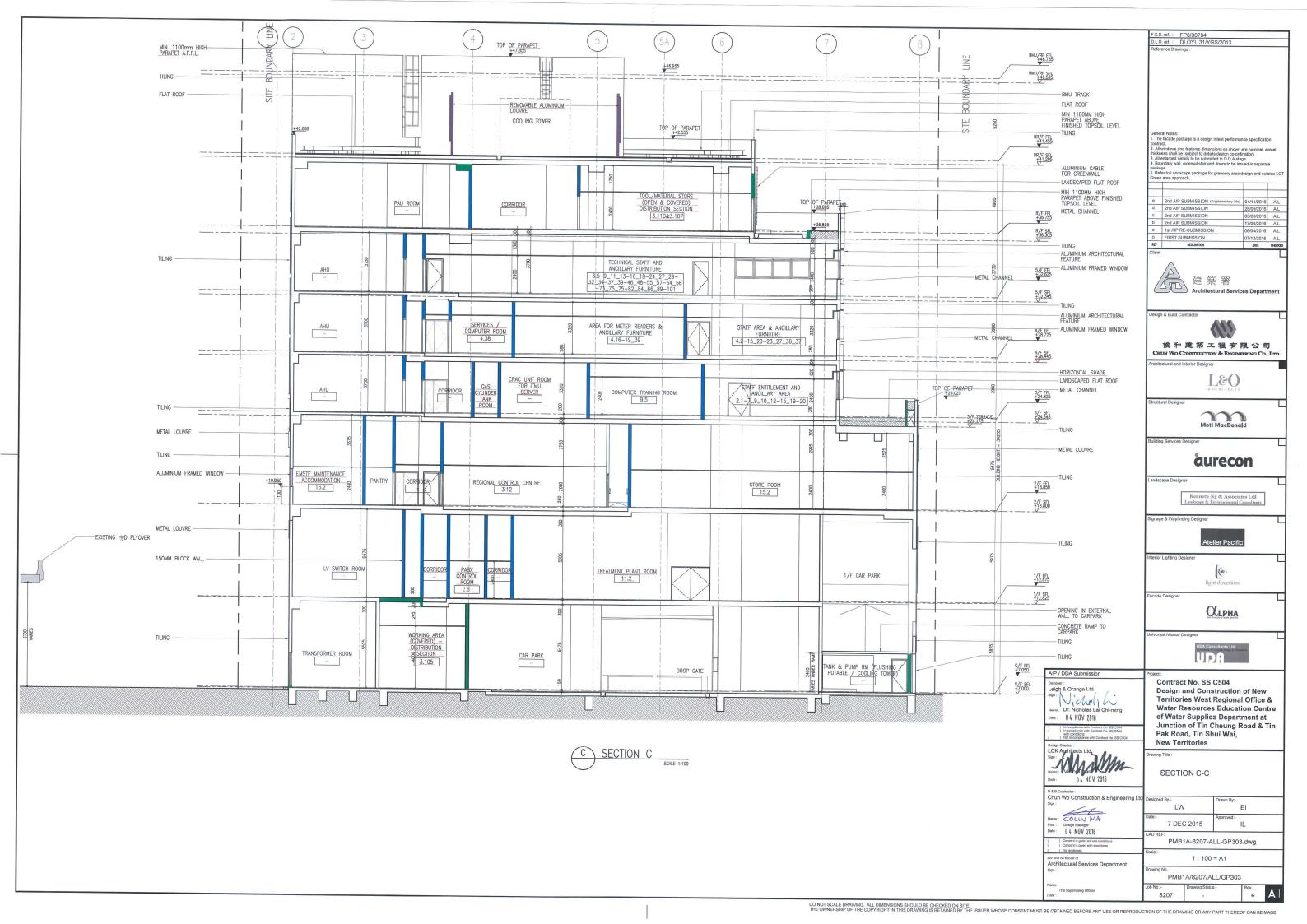


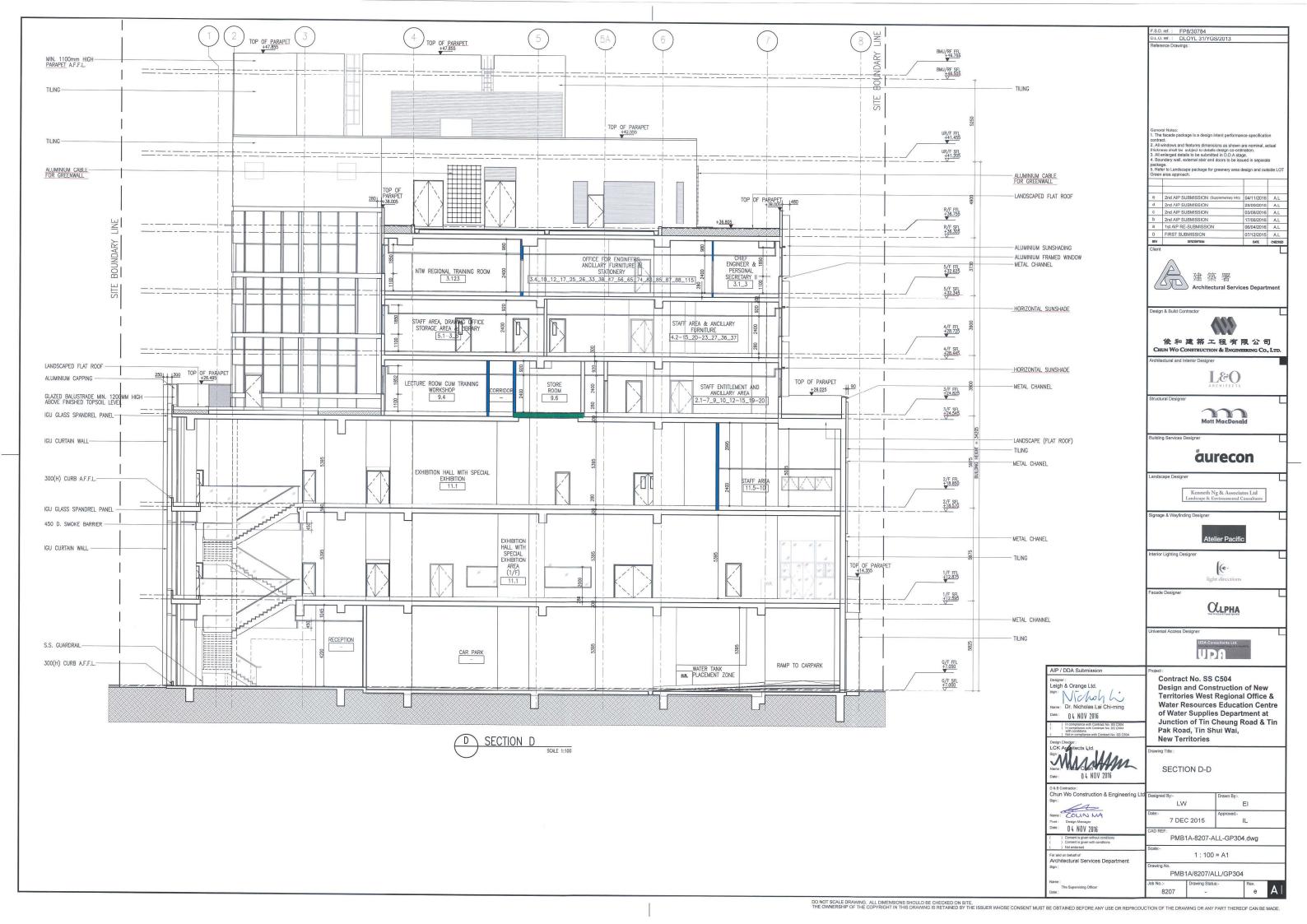








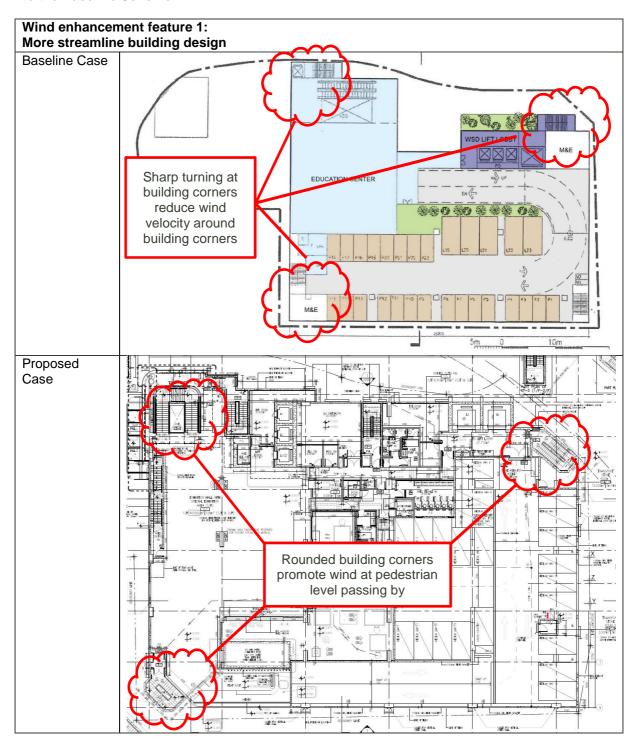


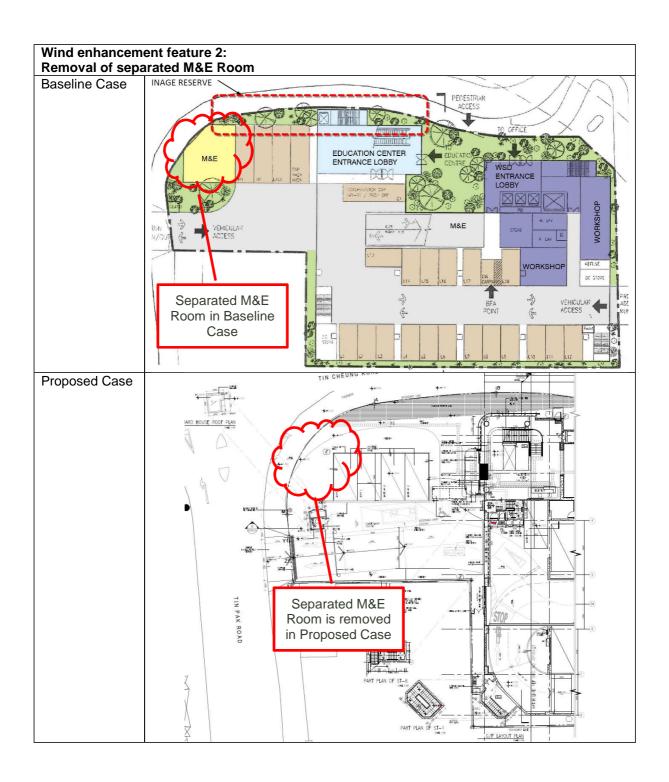


Appendix C Indicative of Difference between Baseline and Proposed Schemes

New Territories West Regional Office & Water Resources Education Centre at Tin Shui Wai New Territories – Air Ventilation Assessment (AVA) Report

Appendix C: Illustration of Wind Enhancement Features in the Proposed Scheme with Respect to the Baseline Scheme







Appendix D Captured CFD Models

Captured CFD Models

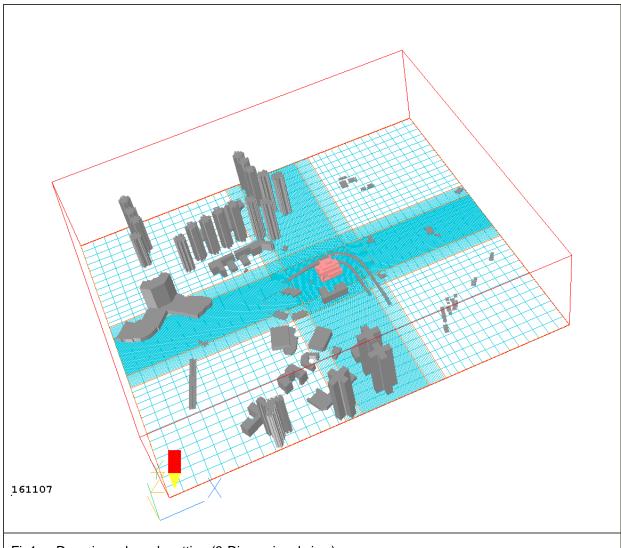


Fig1a - Domain and mesh setting (3-Dimensional view)

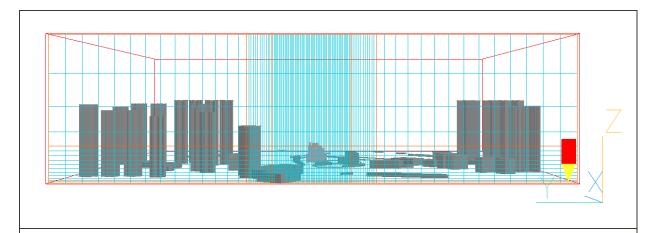
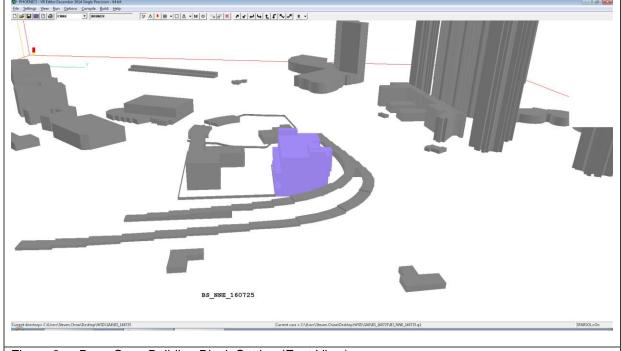


Fig 1a - Domain and mesh setting (Side view)

Note: Red line is the boundary of the domain, light blue line is the grid setting, pink object is the proposed case building block and the grey objects are the building in the vicinity.



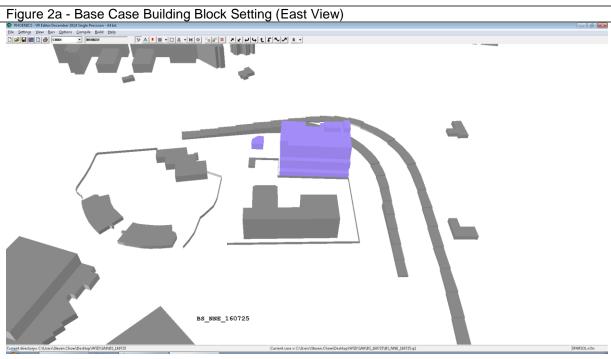
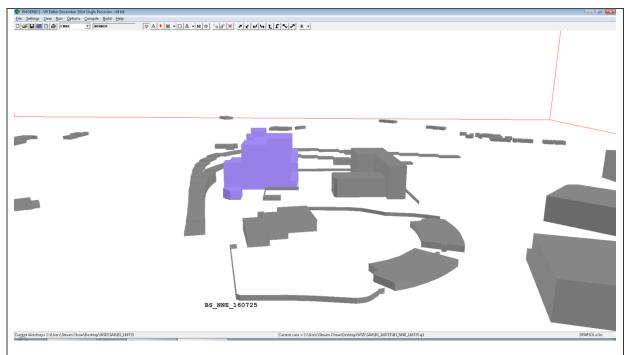


Figure 2b - Base Case Building Block Setting (South View)



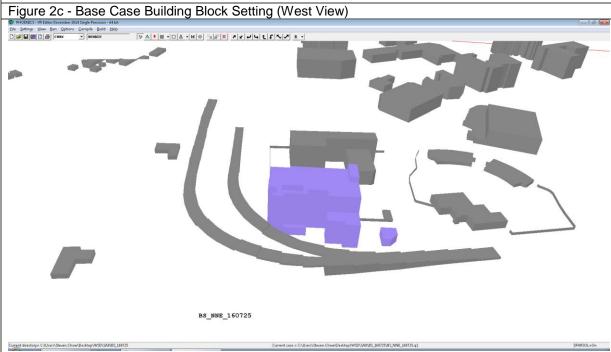
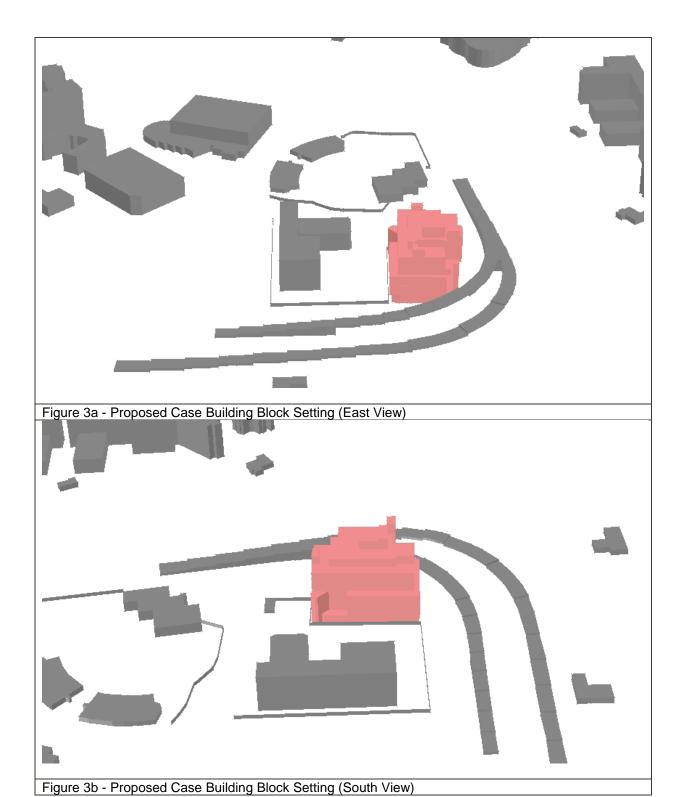


Figure 2d - Base Case Building Block Setting (North View)

Note: Violet object is the base case building block and the grey objects are the building in the vicinity.





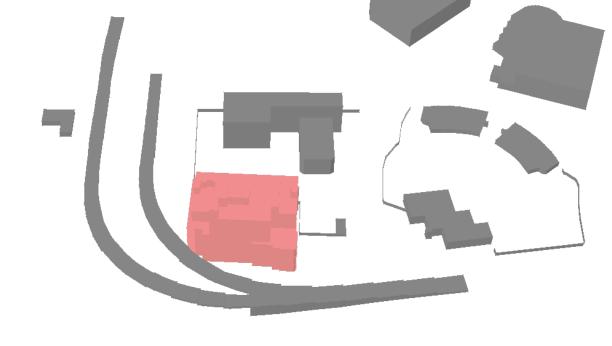
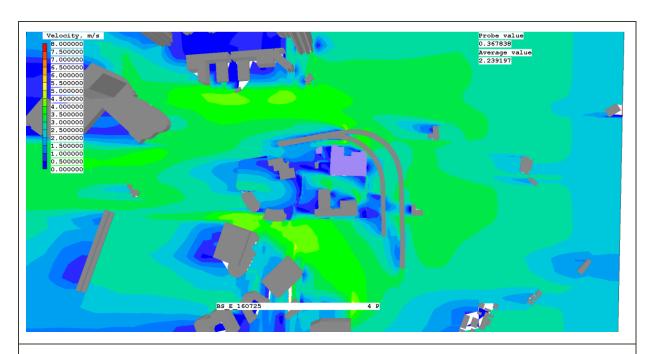


Figure 3d - Proposed Case Building Block Setting (North View)

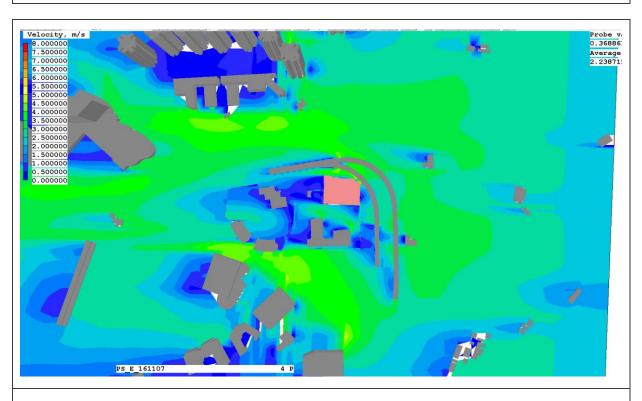
Note: Pink object is the proposed case building block and the grey objects are the building in the vicinity.

Appendix E Vector / Wind Velocity Ratio (VR) Contour Results

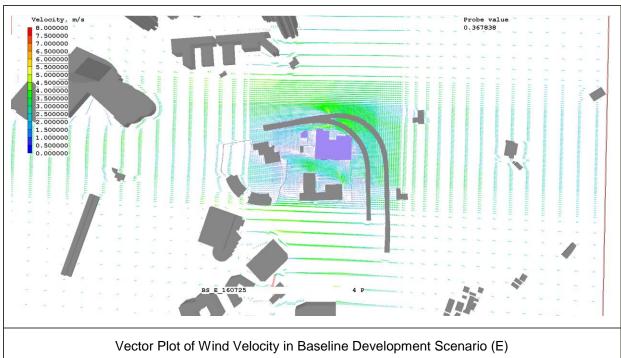
Detailed CFD Modelling Result



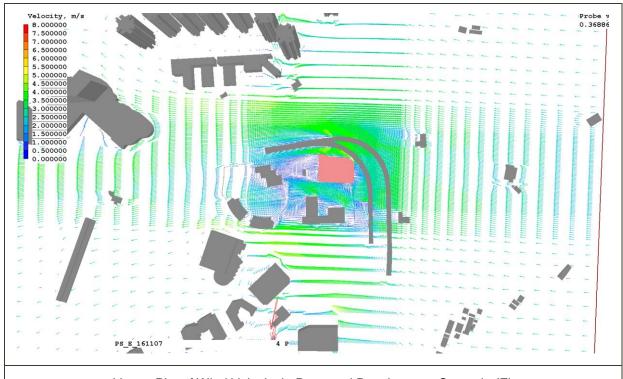
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (E)



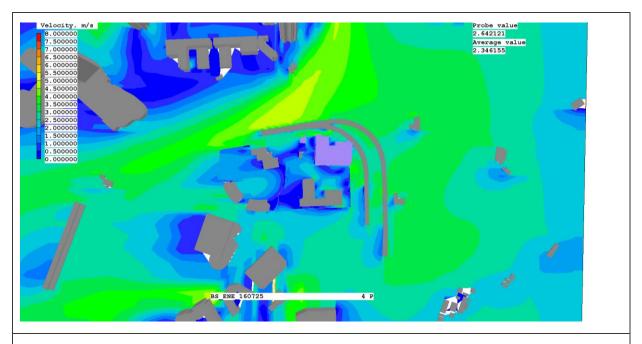
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (E)



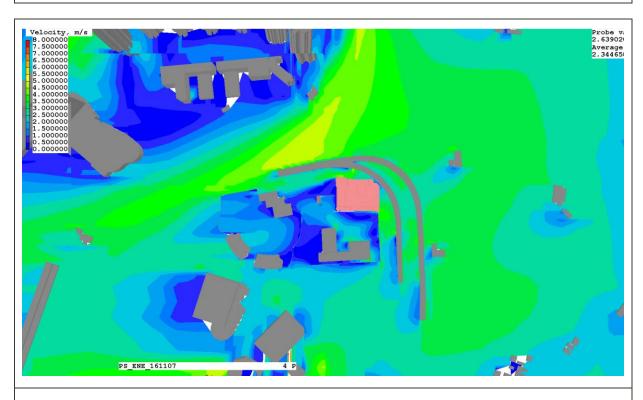




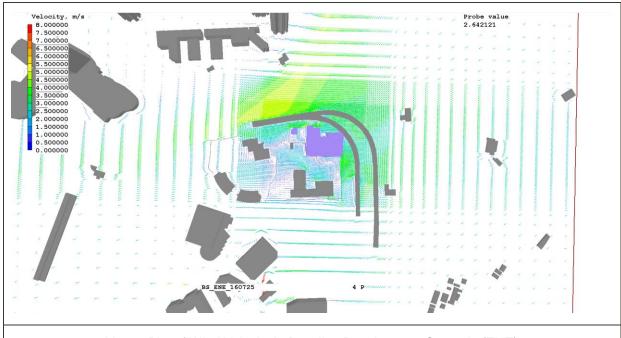
Vector Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (E)



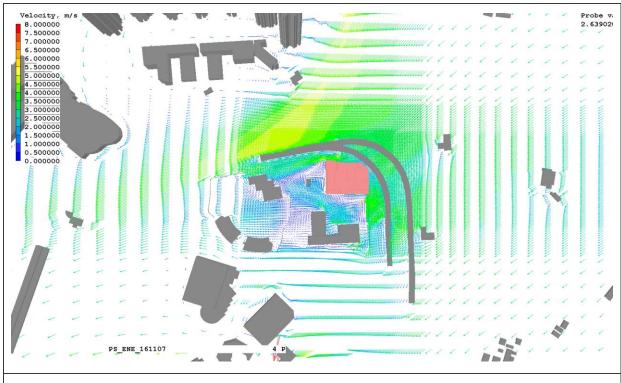
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (ENE)



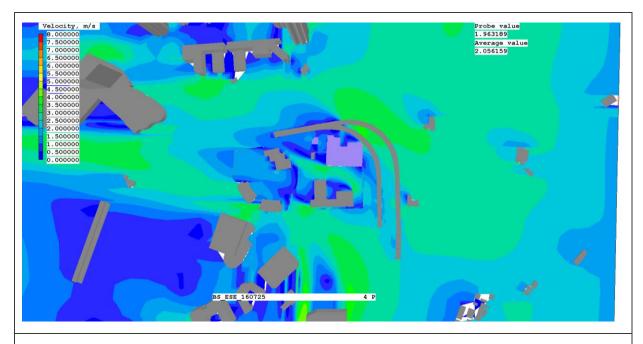
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (ENE)



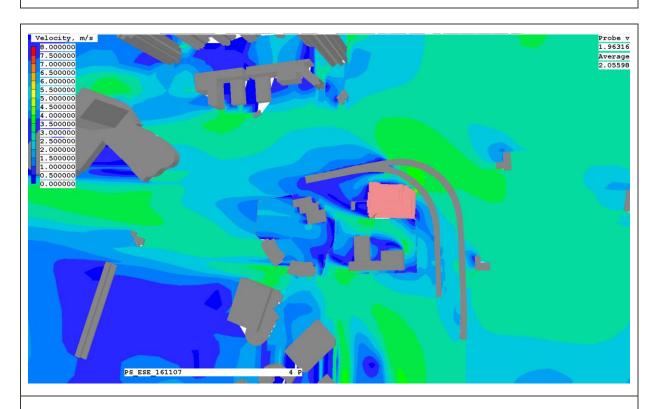
Vector Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (ENE)



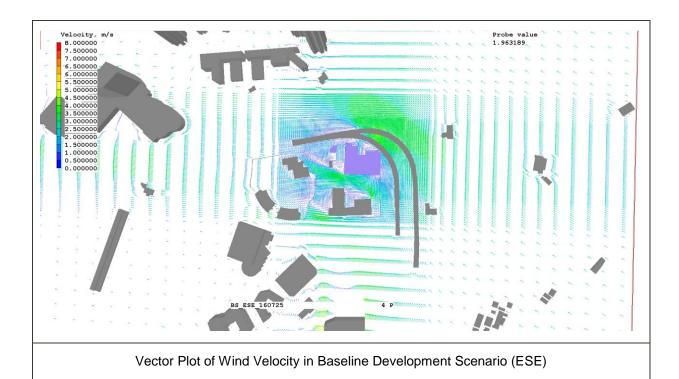
Vector Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (ENE)

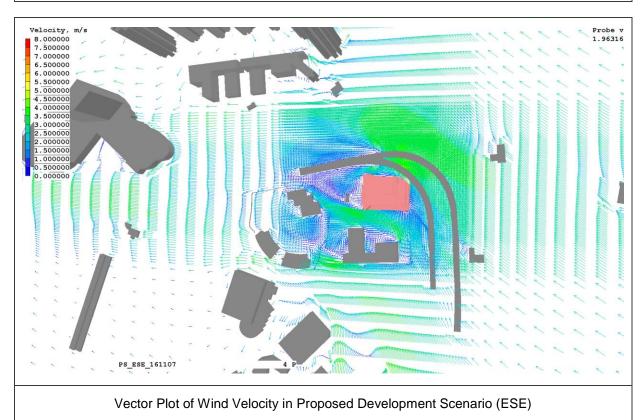


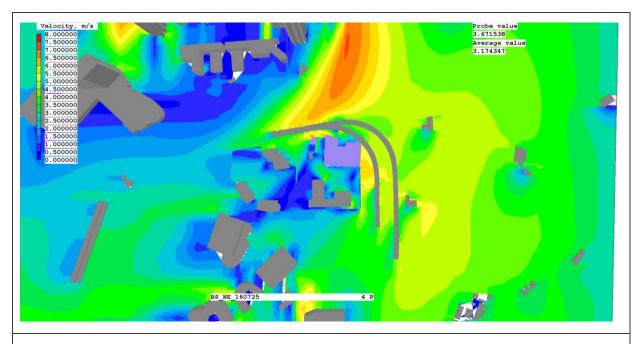
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (ESE)



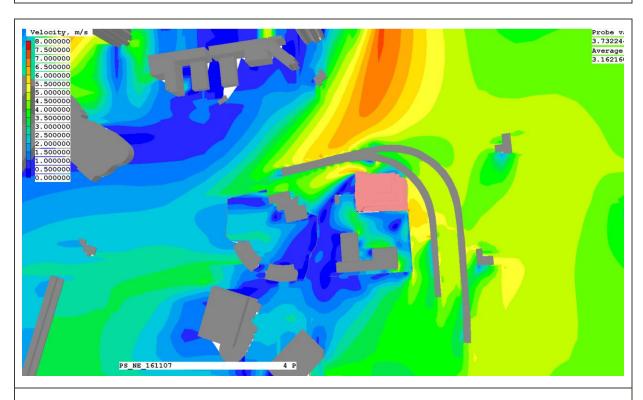
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (ESE)



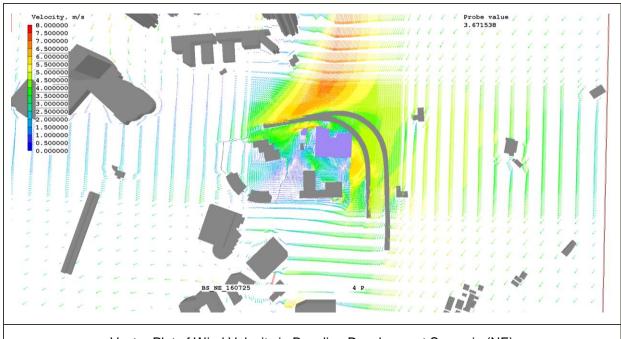




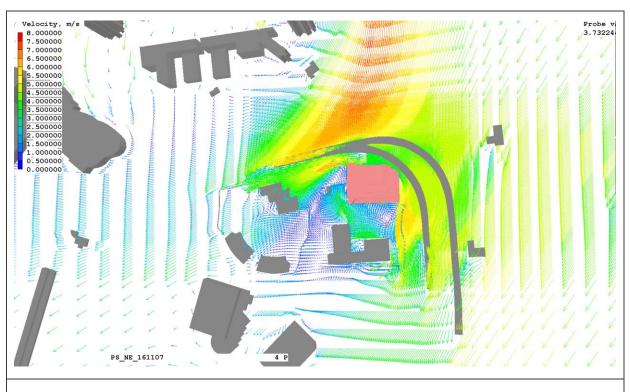
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (NE)



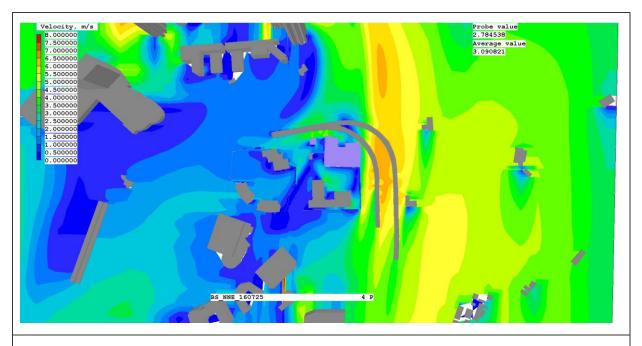
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (NE)



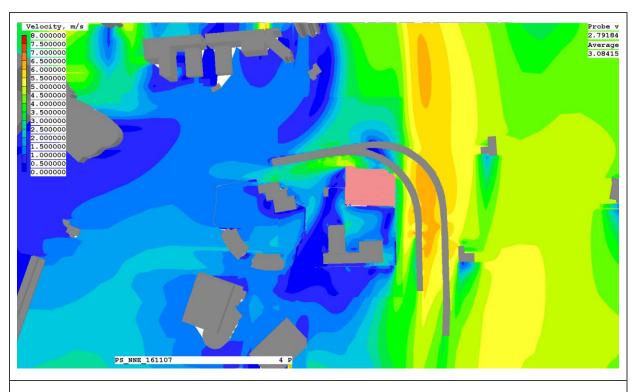
Vector Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (NE)



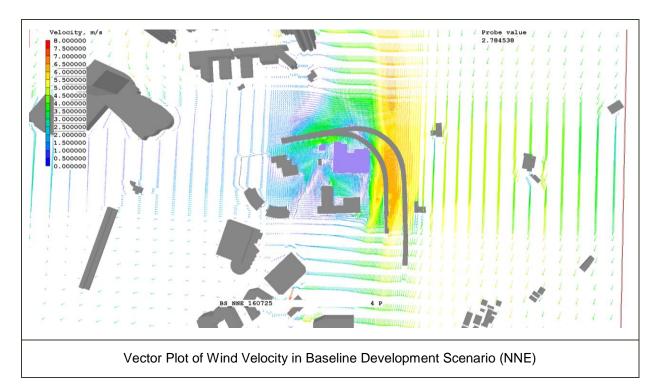
Vector Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (NE)

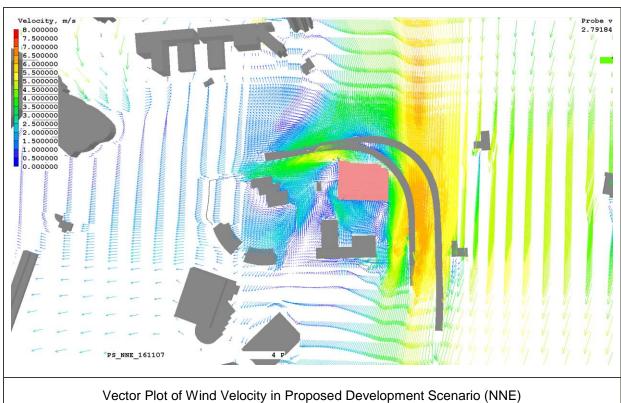


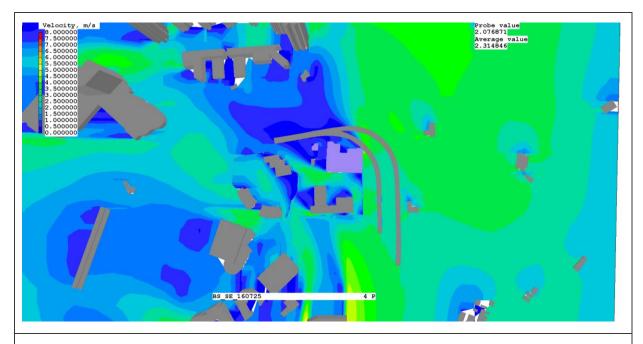
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (NNE)



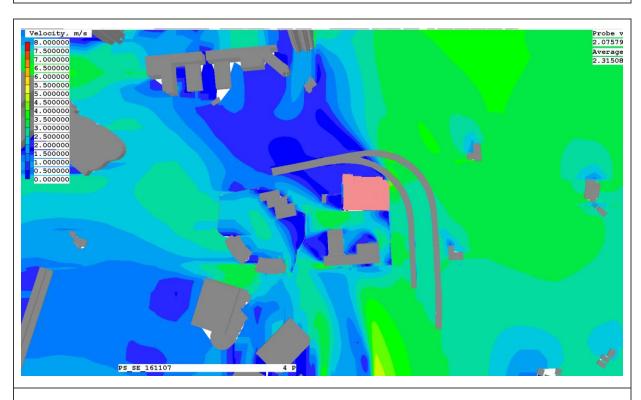
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (NNE)



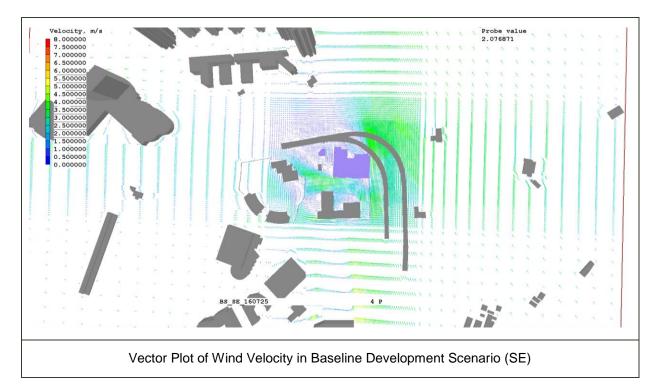


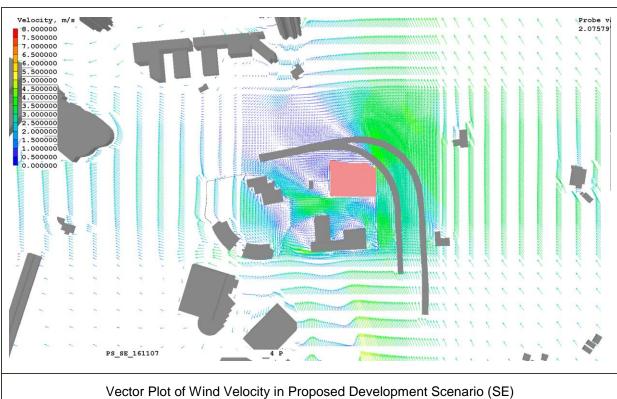


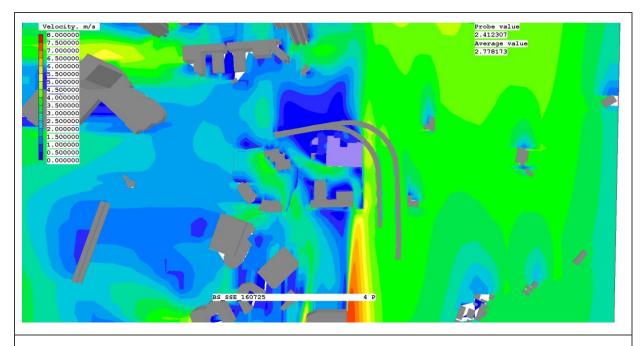
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (SE)



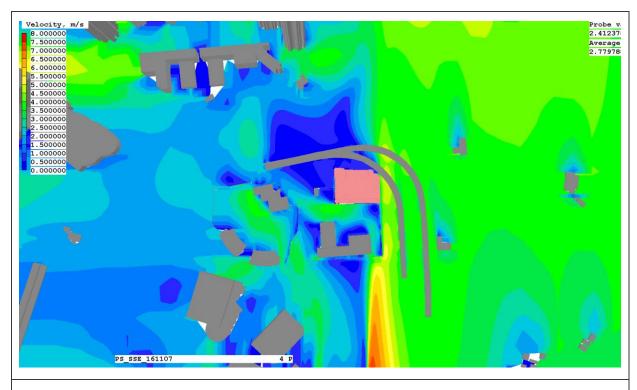
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (SE)



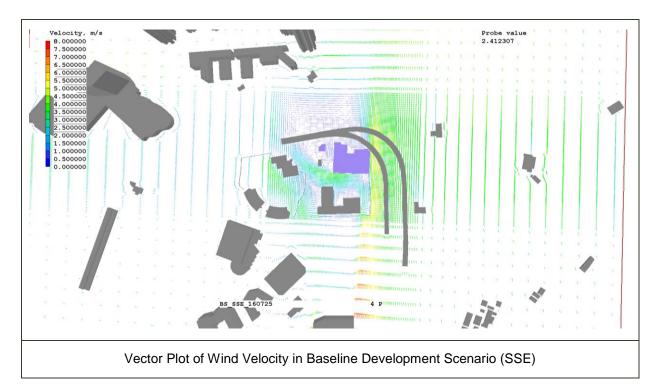


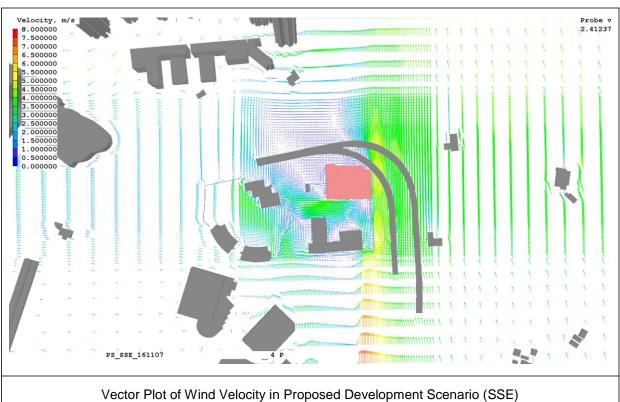


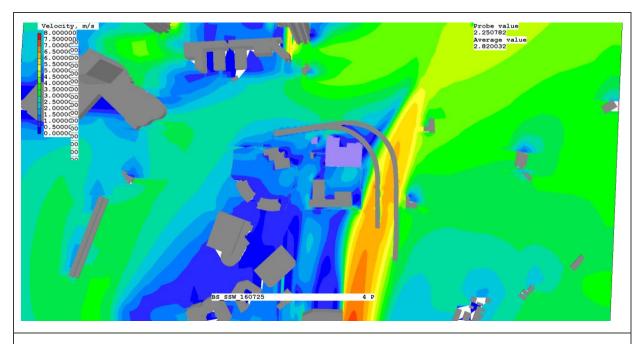
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (SSE)



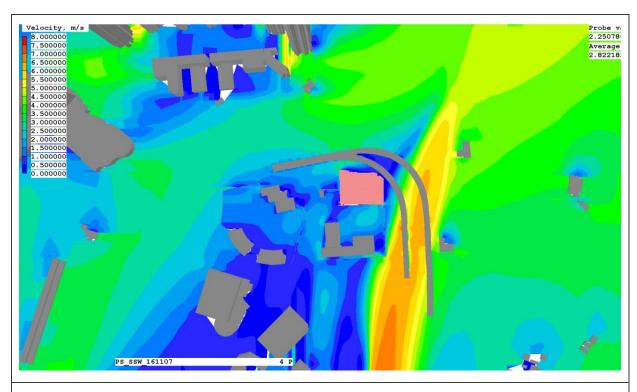
Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (SSE)



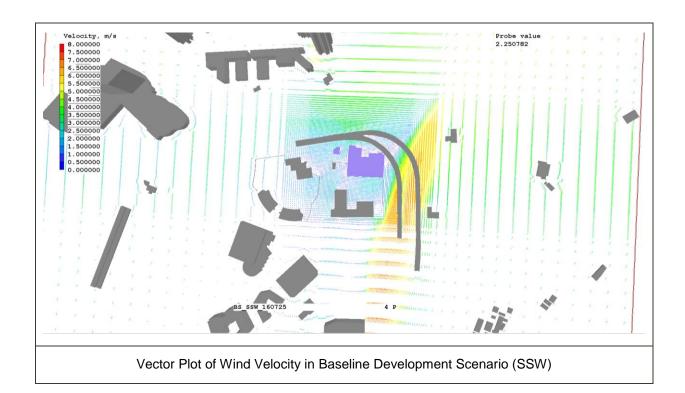


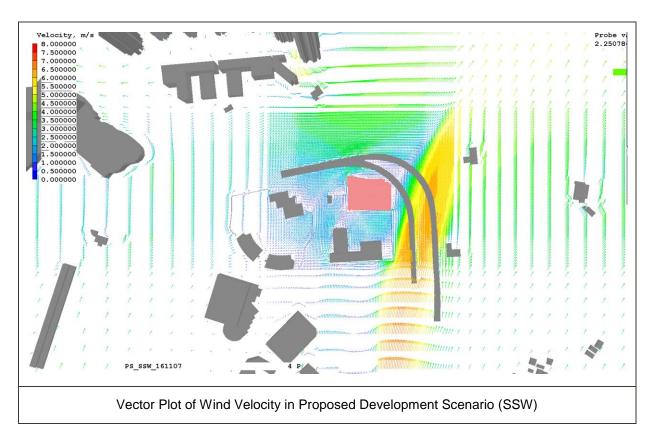


Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Baseline Development Scenario (SSW)



Contour Plot of Wind Velocity in Proposed Development Scenario (SSW)





Appendix F Detailed Wind Velocity Ratio (VR) Results for Tested Wind Directions

New Territories West Regional Office & Water Resources Education Centre at Tin Shui Wai, New Territories – Air Ventilation Assessment (AVA) Appendix F – Predicted Wind Velocity Ratio (VR) Results under the Prevailing Wind Directions

/4)	_			atio (VR) a					
Test Point ⁽¹⁾	E	NE	ESE	ENE	SSW	SE	SSE	NNE	Overall
P1	0.178	0.236	0.187	0.092	0.223	0.054	0.015	0.335	0.130
P2	0.192	0.210	0.212	0.123	0.219	0.100	0.041	0.284	0.137
P3	0.196	0.264	0.235	0.188	0.213	0.140	0.067	0.196	0.150
P4	0.194	0.338	0.253	0.252	0.213	0.123	0.067	0.117	0.159
P5	0.172	0.350	0.251	0.268	0.271	0.110	0.086	0.111	0.163
P6	0.189	0.438	0.214	0.340	0.239	0.059	0.038	0.253	0.178
P7	0.392	0.897	0.205	0.708	0.344	0.149	0.060	0.566	0.334
P8	0.433	0.812	0.160	0.625	0.330	0.150	0.080	0.565	0.319
P9	0.414	0.761	0.183	0.632	0.246	0.158	0.110	0.523	0.306
P10	0.413	0.823	0.209	0.705	0.265	0.142	0.107	0.556	0.325
P11	0.527	0.832	0.192	0.677	0.365	0.097	0.077	0.593	0.345
P12	0.532	0.870	0.214	0.725	0.495	0.075	0.053	0.610	0.366
P13	0.545	0.820	0.178	0.743	0.312	0.102	0.058	0.589	0.346
P14	0.542	0.751	0.169	0.734	0.162	0.137	0.076	0.558	0.325
P15	0.379	0.524	0.154	0.627	0.072	0.182	0.089	0.356	0.245
P16	0.402	0.472	0.171	0.639	0.042	0.204	0.109	0.387	0.248
P17	0.365	0.445	0.284	0.560	0.099	0.207	0.123	0.488	0.257
P18	0.188	0.421	0.243	0.470	0.123	0.230	0.149	0.434	0.215
P19	0.137	0.400	0.140	0.464	0.131	0.229	0.156	0.381	0.191
P20	0.163	0.379	0.114	0.473	0.135	0.226	0.158	0.323	0.187
P21	0.290	0.349	0.096	0.480	0.138	0.210	0.148	0.286	0.199
P22	0.432	0.324	0.055	0.490	0.134	0.163	0.120	0.310	0.211
P23	0.624	0.366	0.390	0.481	0.141	0.080	0.090	0.334	0.273
P24	0.171	0.088	0.015	0.204	0.262	0.055	0.063	0.027	0.092
P25	0.066	0.251	0.109	0.345	0.331	0.101	0.144	0.149	0.139
P26	0.091	0.270	0.175	0.341	0.357	0.163	0.168	0.143	0.160
P27	0.123	0.263	0.261	0.355	0.356	0.269	0.279	0.111	0.189
P28	0.163	0.239	0.311	0.349	0.343	0.330	0.351	0.100	0.205
P29	0.218	0.195	0.376	0.306	0.316	0.404	0.434	0.099	0.221
P30	0.250	0.170	0.412	0.259	0.293	0.441	0.473	0.101	0.226
P31	0.291	0.151	0.455	0.173	0.253	0.483	0.513	0.104	0.230
P32	0.317	0.153	0.480	0.113	0.225	0.507	0.532	0.106	0.232
P33	0.357	0.176	0.515	0.063	0.184	0.539	0.553	0.117	0.241
P34	0.386	0.209	0.542	0.115	0.164	0.563	0.565	0.135	0.259
P35	0.449	0.366	0.616	0.293	0.164	0.625	0.605	0.246	0.327
P36	0.466	0.594	0.656	0.500	0.182	0.663	0.638	0.411	0.396
P37	0.094	0.278	0.127	0.237	0.020	0.172	0.167	0.185	0.121
P38	0.113	0.147	0.057	0.185	0.089	0.048	0.045	0.069	0.077
P39	0.085	0.081	0.023	0.118	0.122	0.024	0.022	0.044	0.053
P40	0.028	0.101	0.045	0.068	0.137	0.031	0.010	0.070	0.047
P41	0.012	0.165	0.080	0.059	0.169	0.054	0.050	0.116	0.064
P42	0.036	0.226	0.113	0.156	0.149	0.071	0.088	0.142	0.091
P43	0.081	0.144	0.120	0.178	0.149	0.100	0.117	0.075	0.092
P44	0.085	0.073	0.096	0.214	0.109	0.098	0.110	0.045	0.080
P45	0.134	0.205	0.157	0.044	0.268	0.045	0.036	0.300	0.115
046	0.421	0.770	0.318	0.852	0.361	0.043	0.027	0.243	0.318

	Wind Velocity Ratio (VR) at Wind Direction for Baseline Scheme ⁽²⁾												
Test Point ⁽¹⁾	Ε	NE	ESE	ENE	SSW	SE	SSE	NNE	Overall				
047	0.431	0.812	0.276	0.851	0.376	0.065	0.015	0.322	0.327				
048	0.444	0.842	0.238	0.851	0.396	0.084	0.036	0.398	0.339				
049	0.446	0.853	0.198	0.835	0.415	0.102	0.051	0.459	0.344				
O50	0.442	0.864	0.196	0.824	0.441	0.115	0.059	0.487	0.349				
051	0.430	0.863	0.214	0.812	0.461	0.120	0.064	0.487	0.350				
052	0.419	0.820	0.210	0.785	0.487	0.103	0.068	0.457	0.340				
O53	0.528	0.761	0.229	0.752	0.494	0.071	0.069	0.408	0.344				
054	0.658	0.729	0.438	0.729	0.498	0.064	0.061	0.366	0.377				
O55	0.670	0.710	0.603	0.672	0.482	0.209	0.046	0.294	0.392				
O56	0.623	0.734	0.624	0.649	0.466	0.329	0.113	0.294	0.400				
057	0.598	0.739	0.630	0.650	0.449	0.468	0.241	0.346	0.420				
O58	0.300	0.589	0.241	0.506	0.266	0.052	0.116	0.422	0.250				
O59	0.269	0.597	0.251	0.483	0.280	0.058	0.045	0.373	0.238				
O60	0.192	0.478	0.105	0.235	0.223	0.151	0.195	0.316	0.183				
061	0.060	0.422	0.312	0.152	0.129	0.424	0.410	0.359	0.201				
062	0.352	0.330	0.519	0.312	0.158	0.547	0.409	0.365	0.287				
063	0.336	0.215	0.393	0.291	0.237	0.426	0.257	0.331	0.241				
064	0.262	0.039	0.328	0.232	0.257	0.387	0.189	0.134	0.178				
O65	0.237	0.094	0.331	0.188	0.257	0.201	0.277	0.047	0.161				
O66	0.171	0.078	0.171	0.153	0.174	0.140	0.317	0.031	0.119				
O67	0.109	0.172	0.034	0.161	0.198	0.151	0.157	0.267	0.114				
O68	0.307	0.154	0.530	0.348	0.230	0.562	0.503	0.119	0.262				
O69	0.464	0.116	0.516	0.349	0.279	0.565	0.409	0.033	0.273				
070	0.267	0.105	0.345	0.210	0.312	0.445	0.156	0.144	0.193				
071	0.196	0.125	0.240	0.085	0.284	0.073	0.097	0.150	0.126				
072	0.486	0.427	0.536	0.279	0.201	0.517	0.492	0.334	0.323				
073	0.379	0.452	0.265	0.388	0.240	0.354	0.326	0.466	0.279				
074	0.146	0.291	0.186	0.305	0.238	0.303	0.174	0.394	0.188				
075	0.440	0.352	0.522	0.161	0.285	0.473	0.449	0.291	0.292				
076	0.477	0.351	0.432	0.359	0.309	0.364	0.310	0.385	0.298				
077	0.252	0.388	0.090	0.450	0.255	0.164	0.074	0.397	0.203				
078	0.287	0.231	0.396	0.068	0.352	0.311	0.239	0.218	0.206				
079	0.484	0.184	0.533	0.318	0.328	0.432	0.310	0.266	0.286				
080	0.493	0.254	0.397	0.295	0.233	0.243	0.083	0.212	0.235				
O81	0.499	0.406	0.602	0.405	0.210	0.606	0.542	0.277	0.348				
O82	0.529	0.297	0.522	0.376	0.142	0.557	0.441	0.108	0.301				

Note:

- (1) The location of test points can be referred to Figure 2.
- (2) Wind Velocity Ratio (VR), which defined as the V_p/V_∞. V_p is the wind velocity at the pedestrian level (2m above ground) while V_∞ is the wind velocity at the top of the development which is unaffected by the building. VR gives an idea how the wind velocity is affected by the urban roughness. As VR is the ratio of wind velocity, it is dimensionless.

		Wind	Velocity R	atio (VR) at	t Wind Dire	ection for F	Proposed S	cheme ⁽²⁾	
Test Point ⁽¹⁾	E	NE	ESE	ENE	SSW	SE	SSE	NNE	Overall
P1	0.103	0.226	0.195	0.081	0.247	0.043	0.063	0.310	0.120
P2	0.092	0.318	0.223	0.020	0.252	0.042	0.042	0.311	0.124
P3	0.072	0.438	0.246	0.126	0.266	0.075	0.035	0.335	0.151
P4	0.064	0.573	0.257	0.305	0.287	0.106	0.039	0.395	0.191
P5	0.096	0.669	0.267	0.469	0.306	0.140	0.056	0.464	0.234
P6	0.225	0.747	0.264	0.582	0.324	0.162	0.074	0.560	0.285
P7	0.458	0.776	0.263	0.605	0.339	0.173	0.092	0.684	0.340
P8	0.549	0.762	0.257	0.585	0.346	0.170	0.097	0.703	0.352
P9	0.578	0.802	0.325	0.623	0.354	0.165	0.106	0.742	0.376
P10	0.595	0.824	0.363	0.655	0.373	0.155	0.106	0.767	0.390
P11	0.624	0.795	0.387	0.623	0.412	0.132	0.093	0.770	0.392
P12	0.638	0.788	0.410	0.654	0.466	0.121	0.077	0.775	0.402
P13	0.663	0.752	0.410	0.683	0.396	0.134	0.074	0.755	0.398
P14	0.680	0.691	0.412	0.693	0.302	0.151	0.078	0.708	0.385
P15	0.620	0.598	0.340	0.690	0.101	0.168	0.080	0.589	0.333
P16	0.628	0.573	0.342	0.700	0.129	0.173	0.084	0.539	0.333
P17	0.624	0.546	0.342	0.676	0.146	0.174	0.091	0.500	0.326
P18	0.525	0.407	0.242	0.545	0.107	0.172	0.106	0.421	0.265
P19	0.442	0.292	0.153	0.481	0.078	0.159	0.108	0.328	0.214
P20	0.461	0.267	0.205	0.480	0.085	0.149	0.123	0.328	0.220
P21	0.500	0.240	0.285	0.472	0.087	0.134	0.124	0.342	0.231
P22	0.626	0.245	0.437	0.463	0.090	0.115	0.130	0.447	0.273
P23	0.755	0.338	0.635	0.448	0.105	0.054	0.140	0.478	0.321
P24	0.053	0.212	0.044	0.219	0.286	0.017	0.140	0.092	0.100
P25	0.093	0.332	0.122	0.398	0.318	0.099	0.160	0.205	0.163
P26	0.095	0.332	0.122	0.312	0.333	0.170	0.189	0.190	0.164
P27	0.138	0.260	0.262	0.249	0.310	0.276	0.294	0.157	0.182
P27	0.138	0.239	0.202	0.230	0.310	0.270	0.294	0.137	0.182
P29	0.240	0.204	0.313	0.228	0.231	0.412	0.456	0.140	0.130
P30	0.350	0.254	0.458	0.217	0.210	0.412	0.484	0.124	0.213
P31	0.322	0.138	0.475	0.217	0.210	0.462	0.501	0.122	0.238
P32	0.333	0.123	0.488	0.100	0.212	0.473	0.517	0.117	0.225
P32	0.358	0.123	0.488	0.100	0.136	0.509	0.543	0.117	0.228
P34	0.373	0.166	0.513	0.033	0.120	0.554	0.577	0.119	0.244
P35	0.445	0.342	0.629	0.227	0.105	0.606	0.599	0.133	0.315
P36	0.446	0.612	0.633	0.450	0.137	0.627	0.624	0.501	0.386
P37	0.440	0.339	0.033	0.430	0.137	0.027	0.024	0.301	0.380
P37	0.118	0.339	0.134	0.238	0.003	0.134	0.138	0.321	0.100
P38	0.108	0.135	0.114	0.170	0.031	0.030	0.074	0.202	0.100
P39 P40	0.076	0.133	0.077	0.170	0.122	0.011	0.075	0.202	0.063
P40 P41	0.037	0.086	0.053	0.130	0.133	0.022	0.036	0.174	0.080
P41 P42	0.022	0.187	0.083	0.172	0.172	0.033	0.041	0.104	0.080
P42 P43	0.031	0.202	0.085	0.177	0.154	0.078	0.123	0.100	0.100
P43	0.084	0.219	0.060	0.223	0.138	0.102	0.134	0.027	0.100
+	0.084	0.223				0.091	0.119	0.041	
P45			0.189	0.114	0.296				0.108
046	0.418	0.773	0.284	0.853	0.361	0.022	0.019	0.261	0.313
047	0.431	0.814	0.262	0.850	0.376	0.067	0.012	0.339	0.327
O48	0.445	0.842 0.853	0.255 0.261	0.849 0.833	0.396 0.417	0.097 0.121	0.030 0.049	0.407 0.456	0.342 0.351
O49	0.445							/!>6	

	Wind Velocity Ratio (VR) at Wind Direction for Proposed Scheme ⁽²⁾												
Test Point ⁽¹⁾	Е	NE	ESE	ENE	SSW	SE	SSE	NNE	Overall				
051	0.422	0.863	0.285	0.811	0.467	0.133	0.077	0.481	0.358				
052	0.415	0.822	0.264	0.786	0.495	0.116	0.082	0.452	0.347				
O53	0.535	0.763	0.260	0.754	0.503	0.080	0.079	0.403	0.351				
O54	0.662	0.729	0.473	0.732	0.509	0.019	0.068	0.361	0.379				
055	0.672	0.706	0.642	0.673	0.496	0.205	0.027	0.296	0.395				
056	0.627	0.726	0.634	0.647	0.481	0.368	0.196	0.299	0.411				
057	0.604	0.730	0.630	0.645	0.465	0.506	0.332	0.345	0.430				
058	0.322	0.606	0.165	0.532	0.268	0.105	0.109	0.534	0.262				
059	0.195	0.678	0.176	0.536	0.285	0.085	0.080	0.511	0.247				
O60	0.116	0.509	0.096	0.117	0.228	0.231	0.190	0.358	0.172				
061	0.060	0.312	0.262	0.203	0.132	0.384	0.317	0.326	0.177				
O62	0.295	0.080	0.498	0.297	0.167	0.511	0.429	0.346	0.245				
O63	0.330	0.055	0.383	0.241	0.241	0.431	0.330	0.372	0.226				
O64	0.261	0.115	0.323	0.165	0.257	0.398	0.171	0.291	0.190				
O65	0.245	0.127	0.332	0.141	0.255	0.199	0.250	0.172	0.168				
066	0.180	0.110	0.170	0.120	0.173	0.144	0.311	0.102	0.126				
067	0.086	0.034	0.035	0.214	0.213	0.175	0.151	0.247	0.102				
O68	0.235	0.204	0.459	0.330	0.234	0.458	0.415	0.184	0.237				
O69	0.447	0.215	0.501	0.290	0.280	0.573	0.488	0.115	0.286				
070	0.265	0.085	0.336	0.139	0.310	0.450	0.228	0.069	0.183				
071	0.207	0.071	0.243	0.086	0.283	0.072	0.107	0.054	0.116				
072	0.484	0.368	0.547	0.287	0.199	0.532	0.534	0.334	0.322				
073	0.381	0.413	0.274	0.409	0.255	0.367	0.376	0.416	0.280				
074	0.148	0.348	0.180	0.310	0.259	0.315	0.217	0.315	0.195				
075	0.442	0.261	0.532	0.137	0.291	0.476	0.466	0.280	0.282				
076	0.481	0.283	0.442	0.386	0.327	0.379	0.361	0.327	0.297				
077	0.257	0.449	0.085	0.452	0.274	0.170	0.098	0.252	0.204				
078	0.280	0.162	0.391	0.031	0.341	0.304	0.228	0.199	0.189				
079	0.481	0.114	0.532	0.299	0.349	0.432	0.312	0.222	0.274				
080	0.496	0.290	0.397	0.268	0.261	0.247	0.112	0.195	0.241				
081	0.469	0.405	0.596	0.364	0.202	0.606	0.566	0.147	0.331				
082	0.516	0.311	0.518	0.341	0.118	0.580	0.520	0.110	0.303				

Note:

- (1) The location of test points can be referred to Figure 2.
 (2) Wind Velocity Ratio (VR), which defined as the V_p/V_∞. V_p is the wind velocity at the pedestrian level (2m above ground) while V_∞ is the wind velocity at the top of the development which is unaffected by the building. VR gives an idea how the wind velocity is affected by the urban roughness. As VR is the ratio of wind velocity, it is dimensionless.

Appendix G Wind Probability Table from the Planning Department

New Territories West Regional Office & Water Resources Education Centre at Tin Shui Wai, New Territories – Air Ventilation Assessment (AVA) Appendix G – Wind Probability Table from the Planning Department

		V _∞ ⁽¹⁾ at corresponding wind direction															
d 00046 Wind d	irection	N	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
V infinity(m/s) Sum	0.023	0.070	0.109	0.094	0.161	0.100	0.080	0.072	0.068	0.088	0.052	0.023	0.022	0.012	0.012	0.013
00_to_01	0.023	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001
01_to_02	0.058	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.008	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.002
02_to_03	0.093	0.003	0.005	0.006	0.008	0.013	0.011	0.008	0.007	0.006	0.007	0.005	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.002	0.003
03_to_04	0.122	0.003	0.007	0.009	0.012	0.018	0.016	0.010	0.008	0.010	0.009	0.006	0.003	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.002
04_to_05	0.130	0.003	0.008	0.011	0.015	0.022	0.018	0.013	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.006	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002
05_to_06	0.129	0.002	0.007	0.013	0.015	0.023	0.016	0.013	0.008	0.008	0.011	0.006	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
06_to_07	0.112	0.002	0.007	0.012	0.012	0.020	0.012	0.011	0.008	0.007	0.011	0.006	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
07_to_08	0.093	0.001	0.006	0.011	0.009	0.018	0.008	0.008	0.007	0.006	0.011	0.005	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001
08_to_09	0.073	0.001	0.006	0.009	0.006	0.013	0.005	0.004	0.006	0.006	0.009	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
09_to_10	0.054	0.001	0.005	0.008	0.004	0.009	0.004	0.003	0.006	0.005	0.006	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
10_to_11	0.037	0.000	0.004	0.007	0.002	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
11_to_12	0.025	0.000	0.003	0.005	0.001	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
12_to_13	0.018	0.000	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
13_to_14	0.011	0.000	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
14_to_15	0.007	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
15_to_16	0.004	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
16_to_17	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
17_to_18	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
18_to_19	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
19_to_20	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
20_to_21	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
21_to_22	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
22_to_23	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
23_to_24	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Note:

(1) V_{∞} is the wind velocity at the top of the development which is unaffected by the building.